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" without changing - - - 10 00
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Illinois State Register.

"STATE SOVEREIGNTY—NATIONAL UNION."

Vol. 7. No. 35. N. S. SPRINGFIELD, FRIDAY, APRIL 17, 1846. Vol. 11. No. 7.

NEW YORK ADVERTISEMENTS.

NEW YORK SPRING GOODS. 1846.

THE undersigned, Merchants, Jobbers and Wholesale dealers in the city of New York, invite the attention of buyers to the extensive and varied assortment of stocks with which they are prepared to supply the demand for the coming spring trade, and respectfully represent to the Western and Southern Merchants, that the facilities they possess in making the earliest and best selections enables them to compete successfully with any other market, and at the same time to offer to the Country Merchants the usual inducements, so as to make their purchases equally favorable in every other respect. An arrangement has been made by which goods may be shipped direct from New York to Baltimore, at a *very low rate*, by a line of Packets which will leave each port two or three times per week. This arrangement will *entirely* remove the objection which has hitherto been urged against early purchases in New York.

Silk Jobbers and Importers.

Bowen & McNamee, 16 William street, corner of Beaver.
Charleton, Frothingham & Co. 127 and 129 William street, (new block of stores between John and Fulton streets.)
John Baker, (late firm of Baker and Napier,) wholesale dealer in Silk Goods, adapted to the Military Trade, and Straw Bonnets, 62 John Street, near William.
Robert L. Smith & Henderson, 176 Pearl street, three doors above Pine.

Dealers in Staple and Fancy Dry Goods.

F. S. & D. Lathrop, 115 and 117 William street, and 59 John street, (new block of stores between John and Fulton streets.)
Field & Merritt, (late Field, Thompson & Co.) 131 William street, (new block of stores between John and Fulton streets.)
E. & J. Bussing, 111 and 113 William street, corner of John Street, (new block of stores between John and Fulton streets.)
C. W. & J. T Moore & Co., 207 Pearl street, west side, 4 doors above Maiden lane.
Perkins, Brooks & White, 126 Pearl street, and 90 Water street.
Hatch & Yale, 75 Cedar street, Dry Goods Jobbers—an entire new stock of French, English and American Goods. Great inducements offered for cash or approved credit.

Dealers in Staple Dry Goods.

Hallock, Mount & Billings, 173 Pearl street, one door above Pine.
Grant & Barton, 29 William street. Also, dealers in Indian Goods.
D. S. Turner, 60 William, between Cedar and Pine streets. Also dealer in zephyr worsteds and small wares.

Cloths, Cassimeres, &c.

Thomas Hunt & Co., 92 William street, Importers and Jobbers of Cloths, Cassimeres, Vestings, Drillings, Drap d'Ete, Hosiery, Suspenders, Velvets, and Tailors' Trimmings. Also dealers in American woollens and cottons, and all kinds of Goods suitable for Merchant Tailors and Clothiers.
Wilson G. Hunt & Co., 82 William-street, corner of Maiden Lane, Importers and Dealers in Cloths, Cassimers, Vestings and Summer Goods, suitable for Merchant Tailors.

Wholesale Dealers in Clothing, &c. &c.

Ross & Leitch, 115 William street, (new block of stores between John & Fulton streets.)
Morison & Jones, Drapers, Tailors, and Gentlemen's Furnishing Store, 135 and 137 William street, (new block of stores between John and Fulton streets.)

Manufactures and Dealers in Boots & Shoes.

Kimball & Brown, successors to Spofford, Tileston Co. 149 Water-street, Maiden Lane.
Samuel Daniels & Co., 171 Pearl street, corner of Pine.

Importers, Manufacturers and Dealers in Hosiery, Suspenders, Gloves, Cravats Scarfs, Caps, Stocks, Linens, Oil Silks, &c. &c.

John M. Davies & Jones, 106 William street, S. E. corner of John.

Manufactures and Dealers in Hats, Caps, Furs, Leghorn, Panama and Palm Leaf, Hat Trimmings, &c. &c.

N. B. Wilber & Co., 85 Maiden Lane.
A. Gilbert & Co., 155 Water street.
Saroni & Archer, 151 Water street, Importers and Manufacturers of Furs, Caps, Trimmings, Plushes, Glazed Lawn and Silk of every description.

Palm Leaf, and Palm Leaf Hats.

A. Johnson & Co., 189 Pearl street, up stairs.

Straw Goods, Artificial Flowers, &c. &c.

R. T. Wilde & Co., 69 William street, (up stairs,) next to the corner of Cedar street.

Importers and Dealers in Hardware.

Andrew L. Halstead, 7 Platt street, sells only for Cash. The cheapest Hardware store in the city.
Davenport, Quincy & Co., 81 John street, offer at Manufacturers prices, American Hardware for Builders, House keepers and Ship Chandlers, also Spring Steel, Iron wire, Smiths' Bellows, together with every variety of shell and heavy Hardware made in the United States.

Manufacturer and Importer of Needles, Fish Hooks, &c.

Henry Baylis, 131 William, between John and Fulton streets.

Importers and Dealers in Paints, Oils, Dye Stuffs and Chemicals.

Willias, Mambee & Jones, 83 Maiden Lane, near Gold street.
Haviland, Keese & Co., Maiden Lane.
Leeds & Hazard, 177 Water street.
Norton, Ladd & Co., 139 Maiden Lane, below Water street.

Importers and Dealers in French and English Drugs, Chemicals, Essential Oils, &c.

Johnson, Moore & Taylor, 81 Maiden Lane, up stairs.

Importers and Dealers in French and English China, Glass and Earthenware.

Richard F. Haviland, 82 Maiden Lane, between Pearl and William streets.
Henry Stevenson, 270 Pearl street, next door to Fulton Bank.
George H. Clapp, (successor to Brush & Hall,) 127 Water street. W. H. Hall, (late Brush & Hall,) will see his friends as above.
Simeon D. Skillin, 101 Water street, seven doors above wall street.

Importers and Manufacturers of Fringes, Gimps, Cords, Zephyrs, Worsteds, &c.

D. A. Booth, 100 William street.

Dealers in Combs, Brushes, Cutlery, and Importers of French, English and German and Fancy Goods.

White & Tasker, 111 and 113 William street, (up stairs) corner of John street, new block of stores between John and Fulton.

Importer of Toys, Fancy Goods, Dealer in Fire Works, and Manufacturer in Whalebone.

C. D. W. Lilliendahl, 133 William street, up stairs, four doors from Fulton.

Publishers of Music and Manufacturers of Musical Instrument.

F. Riley & Co., 297 Broadway.

Watches and Jewelry—Fine Watches.

S. Hammond & Co., of the late firm of Benedict & Hammond, will continue the selling of fine Watches, Jewelry, and silver ware, at the old stand, 44 Merchant's Exchange.

Manufacturer of Silver Ware.

Z. Bostwick, (successor to Thomson,) 128 William street, New York. Silver Tea Sets, Spoons, Forks, &c., of the best quality always on hand, or made to order at short notice.

Importers and Manufacturers of Britannia Ware, also Dealers in Block Tin, Antimony and Bismuth.

Boardman & Hart, 6 Burling slip, near Pearl street.

Manufacturers and Dealers in Camphene, Solar Patent Lard and Hall Lamps.

Deitz, Brother & Co., 13 John street, also dealers in Sperm, Whale, Lard and Chemical Oils, Camphine and Burning Fluids.

Importer and Manufacturer of Nautical and Mathematical Instruments.

Erasmus A. Kutz, 150 Water street, corner of Burling Slip.

Manufacturers and Importers of Paper Hangings.

Howell & Brothers, 139 Broadway, New York, and 217 Baltimore street, Baltimore.

Books and Stationery.

Pratt, Woodford & Co., 159 Pearl-street.
A. S. Barnes & Co., 51 John street, corner of Dutch, wholesale Dealers in Books and Stationery.
A. S. B. & Co., are the publishers of Colton's Life and Times of Henry Clay, and Manfield's life of General Scott.
Caleb Bartlett, New York—Publisher of Cobb's new and popular series of School Books, and Wilson's United States, wholesale dealer in Books and Stationery.

E. M'DANIEL, M. D.
BOTANIC PHYSICIAN,
SPRINGFIELD, ILLINOIS.

WOULD respectfully inform the citizens of this and the adjoining counties that he has located himself in this city, and now offers his professional services to all who may favor him with a call. After an experience of more than a quarter of a century, in the healing art, he flatters himself, that if not universal—general satisfaction will be given. Without particularly specifying any diseases, we would say that in every type or grade of disease either of Male or Female not beyond the power of medicine, where he may be called, he expects to cure or relieve. He will further state that reference may be had of his success while practicing in Petersburg, from whence he removed to this city. That during his practice there, in no case of acute disease did he fail to cure where he was first called; and deems it not improper to state this fact.

He may be found at his office on Jefferson street, in the East room of the large brick house lately occupied by Wm. Lowry as a Tavern, when not professionally engaged. Where also his partner and associate Dr. T: M. Luster may be found, of whom I would refer to his publication in the Sangamon Journal, and handbills.

He will visit patients when desired, but when he does not visit, pay will be expected when the medicines are administered.

Medicine constantly on hand for fever and ague, which is a certain and permanent cure.

April 3—3m.

STATE OF ILLINOIS, MENARD COUNTY.
In the Circuit Court June Term, 1846.
Rufus Lesure & Ephraim Bliss.
versus
Geo. D' Almaine & Mary his wife.

NOTICE is hereby given, to the said defendants that a bill in chancery has been filed in the Clerk's office of the Circuit court of Menard co. State of Illinois, against them by said complainants to foreclose a Mortgage or compel a conveyance. That a subpoena in chancery has issued against the said defendants in said cause returnable to the June term of said court, and affidavit having been filed in said cause showing that said defendants are not residents of this state. Now unless you the said George D' Almaine, and Mary D' Almaine shall be and appear before the Circuit Court of said County on the first day of the next term thereof, to be holden in the Court-house at Petersburgh on the second Monday in June next, answer, plead, or demur to said bill the allegations thereof will be taken as confessed against you, and a decree entered accordingly.

D. B. Campbell, sol'r.
N. DRESSER, Cl'k.
April 3, 1846,—4w

ESTATE OF JAMES SHORT.—Notice is hereby given, that I have taken out letters of administration, on the estate of James Short, dec'd. of Sangamon County, and shall attend before the Probate Justice of the Peace thereof, in Springfield on the first Monday in the month of June next, at which time and place all persons having claims against the estate of the said deceased, are hereby notified and requested to exhibit the same for adjustment.

All persons indebted to said estate, are notified and requested to make immediate payment, to the undersigned.

L. B. ADAMS, Adm'r.
April 3, 1846.—4w.

SALE OF REAL ESTATE.

NOTICE is hereby given, that by virtue of an order of the Circuit Court of Sangamon Co., obtained at the March term thereof, for 1846, I shall expose to sale, at public vendue, on the 16th day of May, A. D. 1846, between the hours of 10 o'clock A. M. and 5 o'clock P. M. of the same day, on the premises at the late residence, of John M. Davis, deceased, on Richland, in Sangamon Co., the following described real estate, of which John M. Davis died seized, to wit:

The north half of the south-east quarter of section four, township sixteen, North, range six west, containing eighty acres. And the north half of the south west quarter of section four, township sixteen north, range six west, except twenty acres off of the east and of the same, containing sixty acres.

Terms of sale will be a credit of six and twelve months, the purchaser or purchasers will be required to give bond, personal security and a mortgage on the premises sold to secure the purchase money.

L. B. ADAMS, Adm'r.
April 3, 1846—6w.

DOCT. J. T. BETTS

RESPECTFULLY tenders his thanks to the citizens of Springfield and its vicinity for the liberal patronage that has been extended to him during the seasons past, and would inform the public that he has associated with him in the practice of medicine,

I. A. POMEROY, M. D.

Late of Indiana, who has been in extensive practice for twenty-two years, and the past 14 years in Wabash Valley; and as they are permanently located in Springfield, they respectfully tender their services to the citizens of the city of Springfield and its vicinity, in all the various branches of their profession, and will attend all calls that they may be favored with in the city or country.

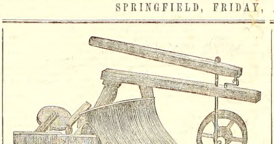
Springfield, Dec. 5, 1845—1y.

SALT....SALT....SALT.

600 Barrels of Salt, a very superior article Just received and for sale by the barrel at 50 cts per bushel. JEWETT & HITCHCOCK.
June 7th, 1844.—1y

FINE COACH VARNISH.

SMITHS' celebrated Coach Varnish, just received and for sale low for cash, by
May 13, 1845. WALLACE & DILLAR.



PRAIRIE DITCHING AND ROAD PLOUGH.

ONE of the best machines of the kind ever invented. This plough is applicable, equally to the formation of a ditch, and to the throwing up of an embankment for fencing in prairie or other lands, and to excavating, in the formation of roads and canals, or other analogous works. In throwing up an embankment for a fence row, the ditches may be cut from ten to fourteen feet, throwing the dirt to the centre, and making the ditches two and a half feet deep, and three feet across the top; and will excavate and throw up 320 rods per day. Any person wishing to purchase County rights apply to

JAMES TAYLOR.
Springfield, March 6, 1846.

FANNING MILLS.
MYER & COUNCIL.

HAVE purchased the right of Abel and Asahel Lomax, of Ohio, to manufacture and sell their Fanning Mill. This machine is a great improvement on the Fanning Mill. It will clean more grain and much better, than the old Mill. It is made in a substantial manner,—it is not liable to get out of order,—and will be sold at as low prices as the old Fanning mill can be purchased. They are now manufacturing them and are determined to supply all demands. Farmers who wish to purchase are desired to call on them. Their shop is two doors south of the American House.

Springfield, July 25, 1845.—tf

IRON & BRASS FOUNDRY.

I Would respectfully inform the citizens of Morgan and the adjoining counties, that I have commenced Casting, and am now ready to make any kind of

IRON CASTINGS

to order, and on the most reasonable terms, and short notice.

I will also be able to make any kind of

BRASS CASTINGS,

not exceeding sixty pounds in weight. A fair price will be paid for old iron, Copper, or Brass.

Shop, on St. Louis street, first building North of March's Carding Machine.

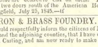
A. HAMMOND.
Jacksonville, Ill., Aug. 8, 1845.

STORAGE & COMMISSION.

I SHALL be happy to attend punctually to RECEIVING, STORING and FORWARDING all Goods entrusted to my care,—advance freights, &c., on terms to suit friends and patrons. I do little else but Commission and Forwarding, also Pork Packing, and by adhering strictly to this business alone, I hope to merit a continuance of the patronage bestowed on our old firm of Bassett & Taylor. Industry and perseverence with time will accomplish all things. In ordering your goods please remember,

JOHN B. TAYLOR.
Beardstown, Feb. 1, 1846. Feb. 27—1m.

CHARLES B. PELTON,



Office at the American House.
January 1, 1846.—1y.

STATE OF ILLINOIS—MASSAC COUNTY,
May term of the Circuit court, A. D. 1846.
In Chancery, Bill for Divorce.
Elizabeth Henley, vs John Henley.

PUBLIC NOTICE is hereby given to John Henley, defendant, in the above styled cause, that the affidavit of a credible person has been made and filed in my office, of the non-residence of said defendant, as well as bill exhibited in said court on the chancery side of the docket, the object of which is to obtain a decree of divorce:—Now, unless you, the said John Henley, shall be and personally appear before the circuit court for said county, on the first day of the next term thereof, to be holden at the court house in Metropolis city, on the second Monday in the month of May next, and answer to said complainant's bill, the same will be taken as confessed, & the matters and things therein decreed accordingly.

JOHN B. HICKS, Cl'k.
March 20,—6w

STATE OF ILLINOIS—CHRISTIAN COUNTY
June term of the Circuit Court, A. D. 1846.
BILL IN CHANCERY.
John Guilliford versus John Gilbert and Ezekiel S. Young.

NOTICE is hereby given to said defendants that a bill in Chancery has been filed in the clerk's office of the circuit court in said county, against you the said John Gilbert and Ezekiel S. Young, by said complainant, John Guilliford, that a summons in chancery has been issued herein against the said defendants, returnable to the June term of said court, 1846, and that an affidavit of a credible person has been filed in said cause, setting forth that John Gilbert, one of said defendants, is not a resident of the State of Illinois, or if a resident, on due enquiry cannot be found. Now, unless you, the said John Gilbert, shall be and appear before the circuit court of said county of Christain on the first day of the next term, to be holden at the court-house in Taylorville, on the first Monday in the month of June next, and answer, plead, or demur to said complainants bill, the allegations thereof will be taken as confessed as against you, and a decree entered accordingly.

H. M. VANDEVEER, Cl'k.
H. Rountree, for compl't.
March 20,—4w

ESTATE OF JOHN GORDON.—Notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against said estate, to present the same for settlement, on the first Monday in the month of June next, before the probate court of Shelby county.—All persons indebted to said estate must make immediate payment.

SAMUEL HERROD, Adm.
April 10, 1846. 4w*

PETITION FOR THE SALE OF REAL ESTATE.—Notice is hereby given to William G. Fletcher, James Ridgway and Dulcena, his wife, Martin White, and Kitty, his wife, and Jilson P. Fletcher, Sarah A. Fletcher, James M. Fletcher, and all others that may be concerned, that the undersigned, administrator of the estate of James Fletcher, deceased, will file a petition at the next term of the Christian circuit court, to be held at Taylorville, Christian county, on the first Monday in June next, praying for an order from said court to sell the following described real estate, to satisfy the debts and demands against said estate, the personal property of said estate being insufficient, to wit: The west half of the north-east quarter of section four, township number fifteen north, range one west—the west half of the south-east quarter of section four, town fifteen north range one west—the north-east quarter of the south-west quarter of section thirty-three, town sixteen north, range one west, or so much thereof as may be necessary to satisfy the demands against said estate.

GRIFFIN T. FLETCHER, Adm.
April 10, 1846. 3w

IVES & CURRAN,
WATCHMAKERS & JEWELLERS,

HAVE removed to the south side of the Square, one door west of Hitchcock & Co's. Iron store. Sept. 26.

ONE OF THE BEST HORSES IN THE STATE.
WHITE NOSE.
OWNED BY A. G. HERNDON.

HE was got by Leopold, one of the best 4 mile horses in the United States and out of one of the finest and largest mares in this State or any other; she was got by Lofty Whip, he by Cook's celebrated race horse and out of Col. E. Jones' Rattle Mare. White Nose is upwards of sixteen hands high, 7 years old, as well made for strength, activity and durability as the art of man could with that of Nature make him. He has the strength of a lion activity of a cat, kind as the Lamb, and sense like man. Breeders, White Nose has been raised among you, his pedigree is not made up from stud books. I shall charge five dollars for a colt, payable when it comes and stands up.

I know that some persons have been in the habit of abusing the Leopold stock—I think only because the old horse is so much superior to any of the dirty little scrubs through the country.

I might say many things in Whitenose's favor, but his superiority over other horses of the country which have been sent here because they were unfit for the place where they were bred, renders it unnecessary for me to say more.

I have parted with Mingo, not liking any of the Mingo stock.

DIO.

This colt cannot be beat. Sired by the imported horse Contract, out of my Leopold mare, four years old.

Price reduced to $11 for a colt from this finished colt.

Any kind of trade taken.

P. S. None of Leopold's stock was ever known to kick, bite refuse to work or eat.

April 8, 1846,

E. R. WILEY.
TAILOR & CLOTHIER.

"Hang out the clothing on the outer wall!
The cry is, 'still they come.'"
Who comes?
Why, the customers to be sure.

They could'nt do any thing else but come to Wiley's when they have learned that what articles they purchase there, are for their quality, neatness, and style of workmanship, the best and cheapest that can be had anywhere.

I have now a very extensive assortment of clothing on hand, consisting of overcoats, and coats of cloth, beaver, pilot, and cheaper goods, in a great variety—also pants and vests—of all qualities, and prices, from which almost every taste can be suited.

Also constantly on hand, shirts, bosoms, and collars, cravats, handkerchiefs, suspenders, undershirts, drawers, &c.

Tailoring attended to as heretofore in fashionable style, and the best cutters and workmen are constantly employed.

Those who favor me with a call either to purchase articles ready made, or to have their materials made up, may depend on having good bargains offered them. And while I admit that I rather give the preference to those who come prepared to

FORK OVER THE DIMES,

still, I will take most kinds of country produce in exchange for my stock.

E. R. WILEY,
West side of the Public Square.
Jan. 15, 1846.

ADMINISTRATOR'S SALE.—Pursuant to a decree of the Menard county circuit court, State of Illinois, rendered at the November term thereof, A. D. 1845, I shall proceed to sell at public sale on Tuesday, the 21st day of April A. D. 1846, at the late residence of the deceased, the following described real estate, of Henry Loutzenbizer, deceased, viz: The east half of the north-east quarter of section number one, in township number eighteen north, in range number five, west of the third principal meridian—containing eighty acres; also, the east half of the south-west quarter of section thirty-six, township number nineteen north, in range number five, as aforesaid—containing 80 acres; also, the north-west quarter of the north-east quarter of section number one in township number eighteen north, in range five west, as aforesaid, containing 40 8-100 acres; also, the north-west quarter of the north-west quarter of section number six, in township number eighteen north, in range number four west, as aforesaid, containing 59 72-100 acres; also, part of the west half of the north-east quarter of section number twenty-three, in township number eighteen north, in range number six west, as aforesaid, containing five acres, on which is a mill: all in Menard county, State of Illinois; also, lots five and eight in block sixty-five, in M. L. Knapp's and Wm. Glenn's addition to Middletown, Logan county, State of Illinois.

Terms of sale will be a credit of six and twelve months, with bond and approved security and mortgage on the premises from the purchaser to secure the purchase money. Sale to be between the hours of 10 o'clock, A. M. and 4 o'clock P. M. of 21st April, A. D. 1846.

March 6, 6w COLBY KNAPP, Adm.

THOMAS LEWIS.
Auction and Commission Merchant,
Springfield, Ill.

HAVING taken the brick auction Rooms, north side of the public square, will pay strict attention, to consignments, either for Auction, or at private sale, liberal advances made when required.

Refer to any citizens of Springfield, Ill.
Messrs. Beach and Eddy, Anderson and Thompson, Raburg and Shuffer, } St. Louis Mo
Mr S. B. Opdycke, New Orleans.

The subscriber will attend to sale, leasing, paying of taxes, or examining titles of real estate.

THOS. LEWIS.
Springfield, March 13, 1846 —tf.

M. BRAYMAN,
ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW
SPRINGFIELD, ILLINOIS,

WILL attend to all professional business in the Courts of the U. S. and of this Sate. Office in the State House. June 28, 1844.—tf.

Z. P. CABANIS, M. D.

RESPECTFULLY tenders his professional services to the inhabitants of Springfield and its vicinity. Office one door west of T. Moffetts, and opposite the State Register Office.

June 18th, 1845.—tf

ILES & PASFIELD.
WEST SIDE OF THE PUBLIC SQUARE.

ARE receiving direct from New Orleans, a full supply of FRESH GROCERIES. Selected with care by one of the partners, consisting, in part, of the following articles viz:

Java, Rio, Mocha and Laguira Coffee.
New Orleans and Loaf sugar, double and single refined.
New Orleans sugar house molasses.
Raisins, Rice, Alspice, Black and Cayenne Pepper, Cloves, Nutmegs, Mace, Cinnamon, Mustard and Vinegar.
Mackerel, Shad, Herring, and Codfish.
Imp. Y. H. and G. P. Tea, Saleratus, Copperas Alum, Indigo, Madder, Logwood, Flour, Sulphur, Epsom salts, Chalk, Glue, Blue Vitriol, Starch, best Rifle powder.
Sperm, and tallow candles, Castile, Rosin and sweet scented Soap.
Western Reserve Cheese, Dried apples and peaches, Cigars, Shot and Bar Lead, Castings and Nails, assorted sizes.
Queens and Glassware, Cotton Yarn, Camphor, best Chewing and smoking Tobacco.
Castor and Tanner's Oil, Mc. and S. Snuff, Blacking, Salt, Manilla and Hemp Cord, Window Glass Putty, &c.

The above articles will be sold at prices to suit the times, WHOLESALE OR RETAIL, for cash or produce of the country.

May 3, 1844—tf

TO COUNTRY & CITY DEALERS.

THE undersigned has received and is receiving, a large and well selected lot of CAPS, comprising—1000 doz. muskrat caps;
100 doz. coney, low priced, Spanish shape;
120 do. nutria do. do. do;
95 do. fur, seal and otter, some of new style and beautiful quality, suitable for the retail trade.
500 doz. cloth and fur trimmed caps, Ole Bull and new French style, with otter, seal, nutria and muskrat rings.
200 doz. velvet and velveteen caps, fancy trim'd and plain.
Plush caps, of every color and style.
600 doz. hair seal, men's and boy's sealette, old style and Spanish shape.

The subscriber would also have dealers bear in mind that he has the largest stock of low priced hats in the city, and that he is selling them at the same prices this concern gets for the article to wholesale dealers in New York, adding transportation and insurance.

A choice assortment of muffs, sable, lynx, &c.

A large lot of glazed caps, glazed oil silk, and some very low priced, double front do.

D. PEARCE, Agent.
No. 120 Main street, St Louis.
March 6, 1846.—1y.

DOCT. J. T. BETTS

RESPECTFULLY tenders his thanks to the citizens of Springfield and its vicinity for the liberal patronage that has been extended to him during the season past, and would inform the public that he has associated with him in the practice of medicine,

I. A. POMEROY, M. D.

Late of Indiana, who has been in extensive practice for twenty-two years, and the past fourteen in the Wabash valley; and as they are permanently located in Springfield, they respectfully tender their services to the citizens of the city of Springfield and its vicinity, in all the various branches of their profession, and will attend all calls that they may be favored with in the city or country.

Springfield, Dec. 5, 1845—1y.

S. M. TINSLEY, D. KREIGH, } of Springfield, { N. P. TINSLEY, Late of Macomb

N. P. TINSLEY & CO.,

IN connection with S. M. Tinsley & Co., of Springfield, Illinois, wholesale and retail dealers, in Dry Goods, Groceries, Iron, Nails, Boots Shoes, &c. &c. Also forwarding and Commission Merchants; in the house recently occupied by Messrs. Basset & Taylor. Liberal cash advances will be made on produce for shipment to our friends in St Louis, New Orleans, Baltimore, Philadelphia, New York or Boston.

Refer to—
Messrs. Choutou & Valle, John Simonds Esq., Messrs. Beebee Brothers, " Doan, King & Co. } St Louis,
Messrs. John R. Shaw & Co. N. Orleans.
Messrs. T. W. & L. Levring, " Matthews, Ould & Co., } Balt.
" White, Warner & Co. " Workman & Co. " Henry & Wainwright, } Philad'ia.
" Forsythe & Co., " Spang & Co., P. McCormack Esq. } Pittsb'g.

Beardstown, Oct. 19th 1844.—tf

☞ LOW PRICES. ☜

POMEROY & DURKEE
No. 146, Main Street, St. Louis, Mo.

HAVING established themselves in the Wholesale Dry Goods business, upon the principle of selling goods for cash, and on short credit to prompt men on a small advance, give notice that they will be in receipt of their first shipments this season, early in February, and from that time on will be constantly receiving new supplies. They are determined to offer such inducements as will make it for the advantage of country Merchants to purchase in this in preference to the eastern markets and feel confident with their facilities for buying they are enabled to sell as low as the regular Jobbing houses in the eastern cities. They invite merchants, visiting St. Louis, to call and examine their stock; which will consist in part of:

DOMESTIC GOODS.

Brown and bl'd sheetings	Glasgow Jeans
Cotton Osnaburgs	Satinetts
Brown and blue drillings	Tickings
Denims	Checks
Mexican mixtures	Colored Cambrics
Cottonades	Mariner's shirtings
Kremlins	Prints,—a large assortment and new style
Printed pant stuffs	
Kentucky Jeans	Ginghams &c. &c.

FOREIGN GOODS.

Broad cloths	Shawls, scarfs, points,
Plain and Fancy Cassimeres	Silk cravats
	Silk pongee and bandana handkerchiefs
Drab "De" Ete	
Gambroons	Irish linens
Linen drills	Linen table damask
Summer cloths	Birds eye diaper
Satin vestings	Russian diaper
Nankeens	Satin checks and Tape Jackonets
Bangup Cords	
Moleskins	Swiss and book muslins
Red Padding	Bobbinetts
Canvass	Grecian nettings
Black and col'd Alpaccas	Laces, edgings and insertings
Printed muslins and jaconets	Linen cambric hdkfs
Silks, satins, ribbons	Hosiery, gloves &c.

Together with a great variety of Shelf goods,
—ALSO—
100 cases palm leaf hats,
60 do Ladies bonnets, latest styles.
200 do Men's Nutria, Russia, Cassimere and Coney Hats.
60 do Blue and pearl sporting hats.
January 31, 1846.—3m.

COPARTNERSHIP NOTICE.

THE undersigned have formed a copartnership for the purpose of transacting business in this city, under the firm and name of W. P. Grimsley & Co., at the old stand of W. P. Grimsley.

W. P. GRIMSLEY,
H. J. GRIMSLEY.

N. B. Those indebted to the undersigned are requested to make immediate payment to W. P. Grimsley & Co.

W. P. GRIMSLEY & Co.
Feb. 6. 1846—1y.

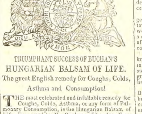
NO MISTAKE.
WALLACE & DILLER'S WESTERN TONIC OR FEVER AGUE BITTERS.

A CERTAIN and permanent cure for Fever and Ague. This is one of the most powerful Febrifuges known at the present time. It has been highly recommended by the most eminent physicians of Philadelphia, as well as the professors of the medical colleges,—it has effected wonderful cures in cases of long standing, when every other remedy proved ineffectual. It is a medicine possessing great power, and when taken according to the directions never fails to effect a cure in the most obdurate stages of the disease. It is not disagreeable to the taste, being a pleasant bitter, and it can be administered to children and persons of the weakest stomachs, creates an appetite, and seldom requires more than one package to effect a radical cure. It is neatly put up in small packages which will make from a quart or a half gallon of strong bitters, accompanied by directions. The proprietors of this valuable medicine have withheld it from public notice entirely, although having been introduced by them for more than five years, and used in hundreds of cases with the most astonishing success. Their object in so doing was to test thoroughly its true worth, and if found wanting to cast it aside, but instead of its inefficiency, it has proved itself to be the best, surest, safest and effectual Fever and Ague medicine ever offered in this or any other country. The proprietors recommend it with the utmost confidence, not only for the aforesaid diseases, but all complaints arising therefrom, it strengthens and eradicates the whole system from every vestige of disease; enfeebling both body and mind.

For sale only by the proprietors, Wallace & Diller, east side of the square where every other article in the Drug business may be had at all times.

Springfield, May 3, 1844.—tf.

BY THE QUEEN'S PATENT.



TRIUMPHANT SUCCESS OF BUCHAN'S

HUNGARIAN BALSAM OF LIFE.
The great English remedy for Coughs, Colds, Asthma and Consumption!

THE most celebrated and infallable remedy for Coughs, Colds, Asthma, or any form of Pulmonary Consumption, is the Hungarian Balsam of Life, discovered by Dr. Buchan, of London, England, tested for upwards of seven years in Great Britain and on the continent of Europe, and introduced into the United States under the immediate superintendance of the inventor.

The astonishing success of the Hungarian Balsam, in the cure of every form of Consumption, warrants the American Agent in soliciting for treatment the worst possible cases that seek relief in vain from any of the common remedies of the day, and have been given up by the most distinguished physicians as confirmed and incurable. The Hungarian Balsam has cured, and will cure, the most desperate of cases. It is no quack nostrum, but a standard English medicine, of known and established efficacy.

Every family in the United States should be supplied with Buchan's Balsam of Life, not only to counteract the consumptive tendencies of the climate, but to be used as a preventative medicine in all cases of colds, coughs, spitting of blood, pain in the side and chest, irritation and soreness of the lungs, bronchitis, difficulty of breathing, hectic fever, night sweats, emiciation and general debility, asthma, influenza, whooping cough and croup.

In case of actual disease of the lungs, or seated consumption, it is the only source of hope.

Sold by McDonald and Smith, agents for the United Kingdom, at the Italian warehouse, Regent street, London, in bottles and cases, for ships or hospitals, &c.

By special appointment.—DAVID F. BRADLEE, 119 Court street, Boston, Mass., sole agent for the United States and British American provinces.

American price, $1 per bottle, with full directions for the restoration of health.

Phamphlets containing a mass of English and American certificates and other evidence, showing the unequalled merits of this Great English remedy may be obtained of the agents gratis.

None genuine without the written signature of the American agent, on a gold and bronze label, to counterfeit which is forgery.

AGENTS.—S. Tousey, Syracuse, New York, General agent for New York and the Western States.

JOHN BROOKIE,
Only agent for Springfield, Ill.
Oct. 17—1y.

THE ONLY SUCCESSFUL

REMEDY FOR THE PILES.

THE Vegetable Pile Electuary, invented by Dr. Upham, a distinguished Physician of New York city, (195, Bowery) is the only successful remedy for that distressing complaint, the piles.

Mark this! It is an INTERNAL REMEDY—not an external application—and will cure any case of Piles, either bleeding or blind, internal or external; and probably the only thing that will.

There is no mistake about it. It is a positive cure, and permanent. It is also a convenient medicine to take, and improves the general health, in a remarkable manner. Pamphlets, containing testimonials of its efficacy, may be obtained of the agents, gratis.

S. Tousely, Syracuse, New York, general agent for the Western States.

JOHN BROOKIE,
Agent for Springfield,
Oct. 17—1y.

THE COLUMBUS, O., INSURANCE COMPANY.
CAPITAL $300,000—$140,000 paid in.
DIRECTORS.

Joel Buttles,	John Paterson,
Moses Jewett,	N. B. Kelley,
Wm. Miner,	Prentiss Dow,
W. L. Casey,	Geo. Handy
Noah H. Swayne,	A. S Chew,
Justin Morrison,	Warren Jenkins,

Demas Adams.
JUSTIN MORRISON, Pres't.
A. S. CHEW, Sec'y.

AS agents for the above Company, we will take risks against loss by fire upon buildings and other property. Also, marine risks on the Western waters, and by canal or by sea, to and from the eastern cities. Also, upon the hulls of steamboats engines, &c, and upon cargoes of keel or flat boats, upon the most favorable terms. The large amount of capital paid in enables this Company to meet all losses that occur, promptly. All losses will be promptly adjusted, and paid at the agency at which they occur, if desired.

S. M. TINSLEY, & Co.,
Springfield, Ill.
N. P. TINSLEY, & Co.,
Beardstown, Ill.
Feb. 18th, 1845.

JOHN DOUGHERTY,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
Jonesboro Illinois.—Feb. 13, 1846.

ILL. ADVERTISEMENTS.

WALLACE & DILLER,
WHOLESALE & RETAIL DRUGGISTS,

OFFER for sale a general assortment of FRESH DRUGS, MEDICINES, CHEMICALS, PAINTS, OILS, VARNISHES, DYE-STUFFS, PATENT MEDICINES, PERFUMERY, &c. &c.

A fresh and good supply of the different articles in our line have lately been received, which will be sold Wholesale and Retail on the most accommodating terms.

Physicians, Druggists, Country Merchants, Fullers, Dyers, Hatters and others, will do well by giving us a call before purchasing elsewhere.

The following comprises of a part of our Patent Medicines:

Syrup of Liverwort, British Oil, German Pills, Fahenstock's Vermifuge, Harlem Oil, Godfrey's Cordial, Opodeldock, Hooper's Pills, Judkin's Ointment, Bateman's Drops, Lee's Pills, Cook's Pills, Nerve and Bone Liniment, Gardiner's Liniment, Rowan's Tonic Mixture, Thompson's Eye Water, Turlington's Balsam, Sedlitz and Soda Powders, Anti-Dyspeptic Pills, Peter's Pills Bradstreet's Pills, Miles' Tomato Pills, etc. etc etc.

Springfield, Ill. May 15, 1844.—1y.

NEW HARDWARE.
E. B. PEASE & BROTHER,

ARE now receiving a large addition to their former stock, and offer for sale at very low prices a large assortment of,

IRON, STEEL, & NAILS,
LOCKS, HINGES, & SCREWS,
TABLE & POCKET CUTLERY,
CARRIAGE SPRINGS & AXLES,
BOOT & SHOE LASTS,
CARPENTERS' TOOLS,
SADDLERY, CASTINGS,

They have been appointed Agents for the sale of
MACHINE CARDS & WOVE WIRE,

For which they will receive orders to be delivered here, at St. Louis prices, adding cost of transportation.

Springfield, April 1st, 1846.

N. H. DOWNS'
Vegetable Balsamic Elixir.

THE GREAT NORTHERN REMEDY for Coughs, Colds, Bleeding at the Lungs, Night Sweats, Difficulty of Breathing and all other diseases of the Lungs, which are the incipient stages of CONSUMPTION—a disease that has heretofore proved fatal, baffling medical skill and dragging thousands to untimely graves. No other medicine yet discovered has grappled with this fell destroyer of human life with such Universal Success.

The Vegetable Balsamic Elixir has now been in general use for more than ten years, and thousands taught its incomparable value by experience of its wonderful curative properties, have accorded to it a celebrity unparalleled in the whole wide range of Medical Science in this or any other country.

Since this powerful Medicine first became known, immense numbers who believed themselves in the last stages of a confirmed and incurable Consumption, have been rescued miraculously from the grasp of death by its use, and are now blessed with health and strength.

It is *Nature's own simple Restorative*—a Healing Balm prepared by one who was brought to the very brink of the grave by Consumption, and from plants celebrated for their great Medical virtues. It is the employment of natural means to overcome and counteract the evils of Nature—healing the lacerated Lungs of the afflicted patient in the worst possible cases, and restoring the functions of the diseased members to strong and healthy action. It has effected cures where all other medicines have failed.

In all cases of Asthma, Whooping Cough or the accumulation of Phlegm, so destructive to the health and life of children—it is particularly recommended as an unfailing cure, and no family in the Union, if they wish to preserve their children from suffering and death should be without it.

Almost countless testimonials of its remarkable cures from every quarter of the Union, and from individuals in every condition of life, are its best credentials showing in the most conclusive manner little short of miraculous. These may be obtained in pamphlets and handbills of agents free of cost.

This incomparable medicine is prepared only by N. H. Downs, Troy, Vt., the original inventor and proprietor.

The following are the names of persons and places where the above Medicine may be found.

Canedy & Co., Springfield, Buchanan & McMurphy, Salsbury; W. M. Cowgill, Petersburg; Ebenezer Capps, Mt. Pulaski; John K. Cook, Carlinville; D. B. Ayers, Jacksonville; Edw. M. West Edwardsville; C. H. Ormsby, Waynesville; J. H. & P. C. Ferguson, Taylorville, Tucker and Mansfield, Peoria, G. S. Thompson, Ottawa, Robt. Moseley, Independence, Zeander Merril & Sons, Paris, and by calling on Jonas Johnson at Benj. F. Jewett's Store, Springfield, agents may be supplied upon reasonable terms.

March 6, 1846.—6m.

HEARKEN!

FOR twenty-eight hundred dollars in hand, to enable me to pull up stakes, and cross the Rocky Mountains, I will sell and make a clear title to 350 acres of land near Springfield, Ill. upon which I reside, with all the stone coal, timber and excellent improvements on the Farm. Altogether there cannot be such a bargain had all things considered in the county. It is believed unnecessary to describe the barn and dwelling, fields of grass and tillable land, &c., as the purchasers can come and see. If I sell I will give immediate possession, or as soon as the Oregon company start from this county this spring. Now is the time for a purchaser. Come on who will.

DAVID NEWSOM.
Germany Prairie, Sangamon Co. }
March 20, 1846.—tf. }

BOOK STORE & BINDRY.
At the old stand west of the State House.

JOHNSON & BRADFORD—Keep constantly on hand an assortment of School and Miscellaneous Books and Stationry, and which will be sold low for cash.

County Clerks, Recorders and other county officers can have Blank Books made and ruled to any pattern at short notice. They are prepared also to bind periodical re-bind old books in any style ordered. Persons at a distance will have their orders filled for any description of work with despatch by sending the size and patterns. Binding will be done in as good style and on as good terms as at St. Louis.

Springfield, Jan. 26, 1846.—1y.

J. HUTCHINSON
UNDERTAKER,
And proprietor of the new Burying Ground

WOULD inform the citizens of Springfield, and surrounding country, that he will be prepared at all times, to discharge the last duties to the dead, in a manner that cannot fail to give a general satisfaction.

For the accomodation of the public, he will be able to furnish coffins of every size and quality at a moment's warning. He keeps on hand coffins of every size, and different qualities.

He will furnish an excellent hearse, gentle horse and careful driver for funeral occasions.

He has opened a new burying ground, which is laid off in small lots to suit families which is enclosed by a substantial fence, and will be beautified by trees, shrubbery, and flowers.

He is also carrying on the Cabinet making business in all its branches, and can furnish furniture after the most approved fashion made by the best workmen.

His shop is immediately south of the Springfield Academy, where he can be found at all times.

November 17th, 1845.—1y.

JOSIAH McROBERTS,
ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW,
DANVILLE, ILLINOIS,

WILL practice in the counties composing the fourth judicial circuit. He hopes by an assiduous, prompt, and faithful discharge of his professional duties to merit a share of public patronage.

June 30, 1843—1y.

Illinois State Register

WM. WALTERS, EDITOR AND PUBLISHER.

SPRINGFIELD:

FRIDAY, APRIL 17, 1846.

DEMOCRATIC REPUBLICAN NOMINATIONS:

FOR GOVERNOR:
AUGUSTUS C. FRENCH, of Crawford.
FOR LIEUTENANT GOVERNOR:
JOSEPH B. WELLS, of Rock Island.

☞We are requested to announce the name of ELI COOK, Esq. as a candidate for Mayor at the coming election.

☞We are requested to say that C. G. SAUNDERS will be a candidate for City Marshal at the election to be held on Monday next.

☞We are requested to announce JOHN A. KEEDY as a candidate for Alderman of the First Ward.

☞We are requested to announce WILLIAM CARPENTER as a candidate for Alderman of the Second Ward.

DEMOCRATIC NOMINATIONS.

PEORIA COUNTY.—For Representative, Washington Cockle.

PEORIA, STARK AND BUREAU.—For Senator, Peter Sweat.

PEORIA AND FULTON.—For Representative, Samuel Hackelton.

FULTON COUNTY.—For Representatives, Thomas J. Little, Evan Bailey, and R. R. McDowell.

CLARK COUNTY.—For Representatives, Samuel Prevo, and J. C. Hillebert.

We have received a communication from a correspondent, signed "BRUTUS," and dated "Jersey County Illinois," in which the writer declares that the late Convention held at Rushville, which re-nominated Mr. Douglass for Congress, was unauthorized as regards the *place* of meeting, &c. The communication is very strongly written;—and leaves us to infer, that there is considerable dissatisfaction in a portion of the Democratic party of the Fifth Congressional District, in consequence of this alledged unauthorized change of the place of meeting, added to other causes.

Our correspondent is entitled to be heard in the columns of this paper, under the circumstances in which he presents the case, *provided he is a democrat*. Not having furnished us with his proper name, we are in the dark as to the fact whether he is a Democrat or a Whig. If he is a Democrat we will promptly insert his communication, with such comments as we think it calls for from us. If he is a Whig, the Sangamo Journal would be the proper channel for it.

Our correspondent will see the justice of this, we hope. In a private note, he informs us that he is a Democrat; but this private note, instead of being signed by the proper name of the writer, bears the signature "Brutus," the same as his communication, designed for the public. This is not treating us fairly. The writer complains that he has heretofore sent us communications which we did not publish; and he adds, that he hopes his present letter will not meet with a similar fate, for if it does, says he, you will lose a friend both political and personal.

Now, we ask our "friend" Brutus, how are we to know that he is, what he assumes to be, "a friend politically and personally," when he persists in keeping us in ignorance of his proper name? We do not want his name for the purpose of giving it to the public,—we never reveal the proper names of our correspondents, to any person or persons, without their permission,—but no democratic editor would be justified in publishing such a communication as he has sent to us, without being able to *assure* his readers that the writer of it was a Democrat.

THE CUMBERLAND ROAD.

This most important bill was taken up, in the House of Representatives, on the 3d of April, and discussed in Committee of the Whole. We condense, as briefly as possible, the particulars.

Mr. Rob. Smith moved that the House take up the Cumberland road bill, which was agreed to. The first section was then read as follows:

"That the sum of one hundred thousand dollars be and the same is hereby appropriated, for the purpose of continuing the Cumberland road in the State of Ohio; that the sum of one hundred and fifty thousand dollars be and the same is hereby appropriated, for the continuation of said road in the State of Indiana; and that the sum of one hundred and fifty thousand dollars be and the same is hereby appropriated for the continuation of said road in the state of Illinois; which several sums shall be paid out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, and replaced out of the fund reserved for laying out and making roads under the direction of Congress by the several acts passed for the continuation of the states of Ohio, Indiana, Illinois and Missouri into the Union on an equal footing with the original States."

Mr. Wick, of Indiana, then rose, and said, that he believed there was no chance for the passage of a bill appropriating money for the construction of the Cumberland road. He therefore moved as a substitute the bill reported by the committee on Roads and canals, making an appropriation in lands for the completion of the road in the several states. The first section of said substitute was then read. It provides that Ohio shall have 344,000 acres; Indiana, 921,600 acres; Illinois, 1,389,360 acres and Missouri 1,331,832 acres; to complete the Cumberland road through these States respectively; the land to be not otherwise used.

Mr. Smith presented a memorial, numerously signed, from Bond county, Ill. against the land appropriation, and in favor of a money appropriation. Mr. Schenck also sent similar remonstrances from Ohio.

Mr. Robt. Smith explained his position. He said he had consulted, by letter and in personal interviews, with the members from Illinois, Indiana and Ohio, and he found a majority of them in favor of the land appropriation, as the means most likely to succeed, and he had accordingly reported a bill on that basis. He was himself in favor of the money appropriation; but he was willing to take the land, if he could not get the money. One or the other he was determined to have, if mortal man could get either.

A long debate then came off on the merits of the two propositions. Mr. Owen of Indiana, took the ground, that, in consequence of the former legislation of Congress in favor of this road, the people of Ohio, Indiana, and Illinois now looked upon appropriations therefor as a matter of right.

Mr. Ficklin spoke at considerable length in favor of the bill, and with great animation and zeal; particularly in favor of the early completion of the road. He declared himself to be in favor first, of the money appropriation; if that failed, then, he would vote for the land grant.

Mr. Yell, of Arkansas, offered an amendment that said Cumberland road be continued from St. Louis, through Missouri and Arkansas, to San Antonie, in the State of Texas. This amendment not being in order, it was laid over until it was.

Mr. Stanton of Tennessee, also gave notice, that he should move an amendment to complete the military road from Memphis thro' Arkansas; for which 250,000 acres of land are to be granted.

Mr. Boyd moved that the debate on the bill close in two hours. Agreed to. The House adjourned.

THE LATE ADDRESS.

By last mail we received a letter from the writer (Mr. WAIT, of Bond County) of the Address, reported to the late Democratic State Convention, accompanied by a communication for publication. We had put them in type; but subsequent reflection, joined to the decided opinion of all our friends here, has induced us to withhold their publication at present; believing that they may lead to disunion and dissension in the party. The objection to the Address as we understand it, is on principle. As a literary production, it is meritorious, and creditable to the writer; but it is only necessary to refer to the Resolutions unanimously adopted by the Convention, to show, that the Address does not set forth the principles of the Democratic party as they have heretofore been recognized. Heretofore the party has met on one common platform, on which they all united, like a band of brothers, against the Whigs. But Mr. Wait's Address is wholly occupied with the advocacy of principles on which Democrats honestly differ in opinion. If we recognize appropriations by Congress for improvements, as based upon a *Democratic* principle, then one-half of our Illinois Congressmen are not Democrats, neither are three-fourths of those elected as such from other States! Such is the inevitable, the inexorable result. Surely no Democrat can desire such results. No principle of doubtful character, of questionable constitutionality, has ever yet been incorporated in the Democratic creed. We do not say that appropriations by Congress for harbors and rivers are unconstitutional. But we do say, that many Democrats honestly think so. For these, and other weightier reasons no doubt, the late State Convention desired to have the Address revised. Owing to causes beyond our control, it was not revised. We regret it exceedingly; but sincerely hope the subject will be permitted to rest where it is. If, however, after this explanation, the author of the Address persists in having us publish the communication, he will please write us to that effect.

We have read a most infamous assault on Col. FRENCH, in the Danville Patriot (Whig) in which the ordinary decencies of social life are outraged by an attack on the lady of our Democratic candidate for Governor. Now such conduct as this is inexcusable. The Whigs have no candidate in opposition. They are afraid to run one. And yet they permit their dirty little scrubs of editors to attack our candidate amidst the privity of his fire-side; a circle held sacred even amongst savages. Such attacks will not advance any cause. They can only be relished by the most rabid and bitter partizans.

THE "EAGLE."—The first and second Nos. of the Hancock Eagle, have been received. It is published at Nauvoo, by Mr. William E. Matlack. Its mechanical appearance is exceedingly neat and beautiful; while its editorial surpasses any thing we have seen for years, in the new papers that have made their appearance. The Eagle is thoroughly Democratic: bearing the standard of French and Wells. Hancock stood in need of just such an editor as Mr. Matlack bids fair to become.

SHELBY COUNTY.—The proceedings of the Democracy of Shelby, held April 11, reached us too late for insertion this week. Edw. Evey, Esq. was chairman, and Jno. De Lacy Secretary. Mr. Henry explained the object of the meeting. A very strong and able series of resolutions were then adopted. Messrs. Fletcher, Hunter, McNeill, Calvert, Lewis, Walden, and Goodin, were appointed delegates to the Congressional Convention which meets at Charleston, in May next. The Hon. O. B. Ficklin was then recommended as the first choice of Shelby for re-election.

Hon. JAMES B. BOWLIN, of Missouri, is announced in the Missourian, as a candidate for re-election to Congress, from the St. Louis district, subject to the decision of a Democratic Convention.

INCREASE OF THE NAVY.

The Washington Union states that the President did not recommend the increase of the Navy to the extent recommended by the Heads of Bureaus in the several departments. Nor did these Bureaus recommend such increase. They only gave the increase necessary, with its estimated cost, in case of war with Great Britain. The Whig papers, which have bitterly assaulted the estimates of the Bureaus, have overlooked the express declaration made by the able and intelligent Heads of every one of them, viz: that the estimates are "War estimates," and are made out, as data for the Committees, in case Congress should desire to make a war establishment, but with no desire to dictate to Congress in any manner whatever.

The Union adds, that the President thinks it prudent that three steam frigates, five steam sloops of war, and two smaller vessels should be built, the *materiel* of the Navy increased, and the power conferred to complete and fit out the vessels now in ordinary and on the stocks, if occasion should require.

GEN. CASS.

The speech of Gen. CASS, on the 3d, in reply to Colonel Benton's remarks, as we have condensed them this week, is the most triumphant vindication of himself, and of the great patriotic principle involved in the Oregon question, ever delivered on the floor of the Senate. A letter from a member of Congress received by us last night, speaks of this off-hand effort of Gen. Cass, in terms so strong and laudatory, as to leave us in no doubt that Cass has raised himself to the very pinnacle of popular regard. The writer has been heretofore the devoted friend of Col. Benton, but if we may be permitted to judge of his feelings by the tone of his letter, we would infer that now he would approve the vote we gave Gen. Cass for the Presidency, in the last Baltimore Convention. Let Gen Cass hold firm to the Oregon, and the People will not forget him in 1848.

Gen Cass made a very beautiful opening to his speech. He said he had been twice captured—once in war, while fighting against British pretensions; and once in peace, while fighting against the same pretensions. But he had succeeded, in both instances, in procuring his release. Gen. Cass then proceeded to demonstrate by Col. Benton's own facts, that the parallel of 49 was not established under the Utrecht treaty beyond the Rocky Mountains. His argument was pronounced conclusive and irrefutable by every hearer. Mr. Hannegan is acquiring a bright reputation with a rapidity unequalled, in the Senate.

THE LATE AFFAIR AT RICHMOND.

The trial of Thomas Ritchie, Jr. for the murder of John H. Pleasants, in the late sanguinary duel near Richmond, commenced in the supreme court, at Chesterfield, Va., on the 25th ult. Hon. Andrew W. Stevenson, Messrs. John W. Jones, Samuel Taylor, and Wm. Overton are Mr. Ritchie's counsel; and Daniel H. Flourney, District County Attorney, for the State.

A letter has been published by consent of all parties, which greatly mitigates the conduct of Mr. Ritchie. This letter was written by Mr. Ritchie at 9 o'clock P. M. on the night before the meeting, and sent to Mr. Pleasants, in which Mr. Ritchie solemnly protests against the terms and character of the proposed meeting, particularly on the ground of its inhuman and bloody terms; and throwing all responsibility of consequences on the head of Mr. Pleasants; although he accepts the meeting, having no alternative left.

The Pennsylvanian (Philadelphia) has a very powerful article on this duel; condemning it in the strongest manner; but at the same time pointing out the mitigating circumstances attending it, so far as Mr. Ritchie is concerned. The Pennsylvanian says that the fault lies at the door of the Whigs of Richmond, Virginia; who are of the most unforgiving disposition; and who brought Mr. Pleasants to Richmond purposely to break down the elder Ritchie. For a long period of years, says the Pennsylvanian, Mr. Pleasants assaulted the elder Ritchie in his paper (the Whig) in the most harsh, vindictive, and personally abusive manner; to which assaults the Enquirer was entirely silent. The son was thus a witness, for years, of this unjust and degrading treatment of his father; and his mind had, no doubt, gradually become deeply embittered against the author of it. No malignant feeling, however, appears in Mr. Ritchie's last letter. It is manly, but shows no feeling of revenge.

A daring attempt was made on the evening of the 31st ult. to fire the Astor House in New York. At the same time, a similar attempt was made to set fire to Howard's Hotel. In both cases, the fire was fortunately discovered in time to arrest it.

It is said that a son of the Hon. Romulus M. Saunders, recently appointed Minister to Spain, was detained in a lunatic hospital, at Concord, N. H.; whence he made escape to Boston a short time since: The Bostonians considered him a sane man; and were astonished at his confinement; but while thus expressing their convictions on this point, a person representing himself as a messenger from the hospital, seized young Saunders, and bore him off by brute force. While legal council was being had, Saunders was spirited away. We have the New York Tribune as authority for the above. It is a singular story. We suppose young Saunders is afflicted with the dreadful disorder (insanity)—but he has lucid intervals occasionally. No doubt his father has placed him at Concord, in the hope of curing him.

A SCARE-FLY.—An ingenious invention is mentioned in the yankee papers, of a machine to scare away flies from the sick, or from the cradled infant. It is wound up like a clock, and causes a feather to move with a slow steady motion over the face of the patient or child.

THE TREATY OF UTRECHT

The Missouri Reporter says "We admit that the argument of Col. Benton, designed to prove that the 49th parallel had been established by the treaty of Utrecht, is strong, but we do not regard it as conclusive."

We agree with the Reporter, that it is not conclusive;—but is it not as conclusive as it can be made, without going out of the United States, and seeking further evidence amongst the archives of Great Britain and France? We have no doubt, after reading the evidence furnished by Col. Benton, that the Commissaries *did* meet under the Utrecht treaty, and *did* establish the parallel of 49.

But we confess, we cannot see how this materially affects the question. Col. Benton does not pretend that the Utrecht commissaries, even if they did establish 49, went beyond the Rocky mountains. And if they did not, (and it is conceded on all hands that they did not,) how can it affect, in the remotest degree, the American title to the territory *beyond* the Rocky mountains?

The fact is, that in 1714, when the treaty was made, it was not known how the Rocky Mountains stood West of the Lake. The parties to the treaty themselves were ignorant of the distance to the ocean from that point. We think it highly probable, that the Commissaries afterwards intended to divide the territory between France and Great Britain by the line of 49, as far as it went; which it may be truly said was "indefinite," and for the very good reason that the Commissaries could not make it otherwise, because they knew nothing about its extent. Sixty-nine years afterwards even, this ignorance prevailed; for at the peace of '83, two great nations declared, in a public treaty, that a line running due west from the northern extremity of the Lake of the Woods, *would* strike the Mississippi!

The argument of Col. Benton, we conceive, would be conclusive in favor of 49, in Oregon, if the claims of Spain never existed. Blot Spain out of the records; and the United States, being in the shoes of France under the Utrecht treaty, could claim as far as 49, as a matter of *right*, but would be debarred from going beyond that parallel. But, under another treaty, the United States stands in the shoes of Spain, which nation owned the whole northwest coast, far beyond even the Russian line.

Would that we had the great and masterly mind of Col. Benton with us, to examine our *rights* under the Spanish treaty, with that clearness and perspicuity that he has established our *rights* under the treaty of Utrecht; and thereby drive Great Britain, by those "inexorable" rights, out of Oregon, as Mr. Jefferson did, more than 40 years ago, drive her out of the valley of the Mississippi, by using the "inexorable" rights we acquired under the Utrecht treaty.

And he may yet do this; altho' we regret to say we have but little hope that he will. He has not, however, as he declares, made a speech on the question of title. He avers that he is a friend of the Administration; and desires to remain in a position to support it, in whatever it may do hereafter, in this most delicate and important negotiation. We are pleased with this declaration. President Polk needs the powerful support of the Democracy, and her great champions, such as him, in this most difficult question, of maintaining our sacred right of soil, in a contest with a grasping avaricious Foreign Power, seeking to deprive us of that sacred right.

Since Col. Benton's speech has arrived in Springfield, some have asked us, why Great Britain has not heretofore brought forward the line of the treaty of Utrecht in the present Oregon negotiation; assuming that, if Col. Benton was correct in his position, in regard to the establishment of a boundary by the Commissaries under that treaty, the fact would long ago have been urged by Great Britain.

We answer: our friends have forgotten, that England resists and has, for 30 years past, resisted our claims even as far as 49, west of the Rocky mountains. Hence, it has been her policy and interest to blot out all records under the Utrecht treaty, if, as is likely, they establish the correctness of the argument now advanced by Col. Benton. Not until she dreads 54 40, will England lift the veil from those records. Until then, she will keep them as dark as she did the *red line* map of George III.; by the suppression of which she so recently and so signally skinned Mr. Webster.

THE INDEPENDENT TREASURY.

The House of Representatives passed the bill to establish the Independent Treasury, on the 2d instant, by a vote of 122 yeas to 66 nays, and sent it to the Senate for concurrence. The vote is strictly a party one. Every democratic member from Illinois present, and voting in the affirmative. No doubt is entertained of its passage through the Senate. This great measure, long so shockingly misrepresented, and so bitterly opposed, will thus soon become the law of the land, and will no doubt long remain on our statute book—a monument of the wisdom, statesmanship, and democracy of its illustrious advocate, MARTIN VAN BUREN. No measure ever proposed in this country, was so long misunderstood by the people. It is of the very simplest nature. Instead of being a bank—instead of interfering with the currency—it is the very reverse. It simply provides for the *safe-keeping* of the public money; and is nothing more, in fact, than a revival of the act of 1789, passed unanimously by the first Congress—by men who framed the constitution, and who brought the country safely through the Revolution.

One of the best features of this great measure, is, that it leaves the currency, business, and banking of the country perfectly free and untrammelled: disconnecting the Government entirely therefrom, leaving these important interests to regulate themselves. It is unnecessary to publish the yeas and nays on the passage of the bill.

A HOME ON THE PUBLIC LANDS.

The following is a copy of the bill recently reported by Mr. FICKLIN, in the House of Representatives, and referred to the committee on Public Lands:

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America, in Congress assembled, That it shall be lawful for any person who is the head of a family and residing with the same, and who may not own, or be able to purchase a home, to enter upon any unappropriated 80 acre tract of land of the general government, subject to private entry, and not held or occupied by any other person; and such person entering upon land as aforesaid for the purpose of occupation and settlement, shall apply to the register of the land office in which the same is situated, and furnish him with an application for the particular tract of land, setting out its numbers, his intention to occupy and cultivate the same, under the provisions of this act, and his inability to purchase and pay for it; which said application, after a memorandum of its contents shall have been entered into a book to be kept for that purpose, shall be filed and safely kept in said office.

SEC. 2. That after an application made as aforesaid, it shall be the duty of the person so filing it to proceed forthwith to the improvement of said land, by the erection of a dwelling house and out houses, and by fencing and cultivating a field or fields thereon; and after any person as aforesaid shall have resided and raised a crop on the land so selected, for five years next succeeding the filing of his application as aforesaid, he may call upon the register of the land office in which the same was filed, and if the register shall be satisfied that the said applicant has complied with all the requisitions of this act, and that he was, at the time of filing his application, a poor person and unable to purchase the land as aforesaid, thereupon the facts shall be certified to the General Land Office, and a patent shall issue, either to the original applicant, if living, or if not, to the heir or heirs: *Provided*, that the register of the land office is hereby invested with ample power to enquire into any fraud, collusion, or misrepresentation of facts that may arise under this act; and in any such case he is authorised and required to withhold the patent.

SEC. 3. That after an application is filed for an eighty acre tract of land as aforesaid, it shall be reserved from sale, until the five years for completing the title have elapsed, but if the applicant shall in the meantime remove from the premises for the space of one year, or shall fail in any one year to raise a crop thereon, then, in that case, he shall forfeit all right or claim whatsoever to the tract of land and improvement, and the certificate and other papers relating thereto shall be cancelled by the register of the proper office, and the said land shall be subject to entry by any other person wishing to purchase the same.

SEC. 4. That it shall not be lawful for any person to receive a patent for more than one tract of land, by virtue of the provisions of this act; and the better to secure it as a homestead for the family, said tract of land shall not, for the space of ten years after it is patented, be liable for the payment of debts, fines, or forfeitures, taxes excepted; nor shall it, for the same length of time, be the subject of private sale, by deed or otherwise; but if the said owner shall make any bargain to dispose of his land aforesaid, by deed or otherwise, the said land with the improvements shall be forfeited to the government, in consequence thereof, the patent shall be vacated, so soon as that fact shall be made satisfactorily to appear to the register of the proper land office as aforesaid, and the said tract of land shall be subject to private entry as in other cases.

PREPARATIONS FOR WAR IN CANADA.

The Canadian parliament assembled at Montreal on the 20th March, was addressed by the new Canadian Governor, the Earl Cathcart; whose address is very significant in regard to war preparations against the United States. The Governor says, that the unsettled state of the negotiations between England and the United States renders it "imperative upon me (him) to press immediately upon your consideration the necessity of the re-organization of the militia—a well digested and uniform system is indispensable to give a fitting direction to your most zealous efforts." The Governor also declares, in substance, that mercenary troops will be sent to Canada from England, to aid the Canadian militia, if necessary, to repel the forces of the United States. Is not all this significant enough, that England is preparing for war?

THE OREGON DEBATE.—COL. BENTON.—MR. GREENHOW'S OREGON.—GEN. CASS.

A very exciting debate came off in the U. S. Senate on the 2d and 3d of April, between Col. Benton, Gen. Cass, Mr. Hannegan, and Mr. Webster, which elicited loud applause in the galleries, difficult to suppress. It seems, Col. Benton had understood Gen. Cass to say, that if it could be shown that the line of 49 had been established by commissioners under the treaty of Utrecht (made in 1714 between France and England) that then he (Cass) would drop 54 40, and go with the 49 men. Col. Benton then undertook to show that the line of 49 *had* been established by commissioners under that treaty. But it is almost impossible to give our readers a condensed account of this debate, which will do justice to the great statesmen between whom it occurred. The speeches, however, of the senators referred to, occupy no less than seven columns of the Union. They ought to be published entire, but at this time we cannot do it. Mr. Benton commenced by saying that he did not rise to make a speech, but merely to vindicate history, and the intelligence of the American Senate, from an error into which the Senator from Michigan (Mr. Cass) had fallen, by relying for authority on Mr. Greenhow's book about Oregon. The book maintained that the commissioners had never acted under the treaty of Utrecht; had never established the limits between the British and French possessions in North America. Mr. Benton would show, by the highest evidence, that the commissioners *did* act; that they did establish the limits between France and Great Britain in North America; and that the 49th parallel was one of the lines established. Mr. B. then proceeded to his proof. He said, it was known to every body, that the northwestern corner of the United States could not be closed, because there was an impossible call in the treaty of 1783. It called for a due west course from the Lake of the Woods to the Mississippi, when in fact, as was afterwards ascertained, such course would never strike the Mississippi—the Lake being north of the head of that river. Upon the supposition that the line due west from the Lake would strike the river, the right to its free navigation was granted to the British by the treaty of peace; but on finding that the line would *not* strike the river, the struggle between the two countries—the one to deflect the line, the other to keep it where it was—was continued for 20 years: when a treaty was signed at London to terminate this contest. It was in the year 1803, Mr. Jefferson being President, and Mr. Rufus King minister at London.—The fifth article of the treaty then signed, deflected the line to suit the British, so as to make it strike the Mississippi, and the free navigation of that great river was thus surrendered to England. This treaty was signed in the Spring of 1802, and it so happened, that at the same time, the treaty for the sale of Louisiana to the United States was signed, but without the knowledge of Mr. King. The two treaties arrived in the United States together; and Mr. Jefferson immediately saw the advantage which the Louisiana treaty gave him in cutting off forever, the British, both from the navigation of the Mississippi, and from the whole valley of that river. The most accomplished diplomatist of the age was Mr. Jefferson. He saw at once that the acquisition of Louisiana put us in the shoes of France in all their treaties applicable to America; that it especially made us a party to the treaty of Utrecht;—gave us the benefit of the line 49 established under that treaty; and he immediately determined to recommend to the Senate the rejection of the fifth article of the treaty made by Mr. King at London, and to rely afterwards on the treaty of Utrecht as a matter of *right*, to force the British out of the valley of the Mississippi. The Senate concurred with him, and rejected the fifth article.

The rejection was to be justified. It was a delicate duty; for the rejection of a treaty made under instructions, unless for good cause, is, by the law of nations, a great breach of faith. To show this good cause was now Mr. Jefferson's duty; who immediately instructed Mr. Madison (Secretary of State) to write to Mr. Monroe (our Minister at London, Mr. King having returned home) to urge the treaty of Utrecht as the justification.

Mr. Benton then proceeds to furnish the proofs offered by Mr. Madison, together with such as was obtained by Mr. Monroe, to show that, under the Utrecht trealy, the boundary of 49 *was* established. The proofs were so conclusive, that the British Government did not dispute them, but surrendered forever her darling project of the free navigation of the Mississippi.

We extract the most conclusive document presented by Mr. Benton (omitting the rest.) It is a paper presented by Mr. Monroe to Lord Harrowby the British Secretary of State, which was used with perfect success. Here it is:

Paper respecting the boundary of the United States, delivered to Lord Harrowby, Sept. 5, 1804.

"By the tenth article of the treaty of Utrecht, it is agreed 'that France shall restore to Great Britain the bay and straits of Hudson, together with all lands, seas, seacoasts, rivers, and places, situate in the said bay and straits which belong thereunto,' &c. It is also agreed 'that commissaries shall be forthwith appointed by each power to determine, within a year, the limits between the said bay of Hudson and the places appertaining to the French; and also to describe and settle, in like manner, the boundaries between other British and French colonies in those parts.'

"Commissaries were accordingly appointed by each power, WHO EXECUTED THE STIPULATIONS OF THE TREATY IN ESTABLISHING THE BOUNDARIES PROPOSED BY IT. They fixed the northern boundary of Canada and Louisiana by a line beginning in the Atlantic, at a cape or promontory in 58 deg. 30 min. north latitude; thence southwardly, to the Lake Mistasin; thence further south west, to the latitude of 49 deg. north from the equator, and along that line indefinitely."

Mr. Benton then proceeded, with great exultation. He said this was a statement of fact, not to be controverted. It showed that the commissaries *did* act under the treaty of Utrecht, and established the 49th parallel as the boundary line between France and Great Britain, from the Lake of the Woods indefinitely West. How unfortunate that the Senator from Michigan had not looked to authentic documents, instead of looking to Mr. Greenhow's book, and becoming its dupe and its victim.

Mr. Benton then gives a long argument made by Mr. Monroe to the British Cabinet; which he says was conclusive. No objection was made either to the fact or the inference; and thus, as a matter of *right* under the Utrecht treaty, the British were excluded from the valley, and from the navigation, of the Mississippi. In fact, the parties proposed articles, adopting the Utrecht line from the Lake of the Woods, with a proviso against its application to the country west of the Rocky Mountains. Mr. Benton then gives these articles, (Art. 5,) one as proposed by the British, the other as by Mr. Monroe. They only differ in the extent of the line. Mr. Benton then gives Mr. Jefferson's instructions as to this Article, in which he urges that the proviso be left out, so as to let the line run indefinitely on the line of 49, clear through to the Pacific ocean! And who was Mr. Jefferson, in relation to the Oregon river? He was the discoverer, we might say, of the Columbia river; for it was his philosophical mind that told him there *must* be a river running from the mountains to the Pacific, as there did to the Mississippi. And acting on this idea, he proposed to Mr. Ledyard, in Paris, to proceed to the north west coast—follow it down until he came to the mouth of the river, and then follow it up to its source. This was before Gray discovered the river; and twenty years before Lewis & Clarke surveyed it, under instructions from Mr. Jefferson; who then carried his idea into effect.—Mr. Jefferson thus stands the virtual discoverer of the Columbia. It was the child of his affections.—The return route of Louis & Clarke was a valuable discovery. It will be the commercial route over the mountains forever; as it presents only 210 miles of carriage from the Falls of the Missouri and the upper Falls of the Columbia, passing the mountains through a low gap and a fertile country, long marked by a large Indian and a Buffalo road. It was a year after their return that a Mr. Henry of Missouri discovered the South Pass; and through it the overland line of travel will forever be. Yet after Mr. Jefferson knew all this, and when he, and every one, was filled with enthusiasm for the success of the expedition, and the discoverers, he not only proposed, but pressed the proposition, to make the line of 49, the boundary between us and England, throughout to the Pacific ocean. And who will say that Mr. Jefferson was British, or was a traitor, for this offer of 49? Ah! the 54 men must pause when they come to his venerated name!

Mr. Benton then exhibited some French authority, Postelwaite's Commercial Dictionary, with D'Anville's maps. After examining these Mr. Benton concluded by saying:

"The great fact is now established. The commissaries *did* meet under the treaty of Utrecht; they did determine the limits between the French and British possessions in North America; and the parallel of 49, from the Lake of the Woods, indefinitely West, was one of the boundaries established by them. I make no application of this fact. I draw no argument from it. I do not apply it to the question of title. I am not arguing title, and will not do it; but I am vindicating history," &c. Mr. Benton then turned his fire on Gen. Cass with great severity; showing his misapplication of the incident, or rather his error as to the result of the well known incident, in the reign of Queen Ann, where the lap dog of Sarah, the imperial duchess of Marlborough, caused some water to be spilled on the gown of Mrs. Masham, the Queen's new favorite. Gen. Cass had asserted that this incident led to war. Mr. Benton showed that, on the contrary, it led to peace—indeed, the very peace of Utrecht itself!

Mr. BENTON, after indulging in a strain of good humored irony;—severe, however, on account of the great power and force of its application, concluded as follows:

"But I conclude. I have made no speech upon Oregon, and will make none at this time. And here I will answer publicly a question which is often put to me privately, '*Why don't you speak?*' Answer: I profess to be a friend to this administration, and mean to keep myself in a position to act according to my professions: I do not mean to run ahead of the administration in its appropriate sphere: I do not mean to take negotiation out of its hands: I do not mean to undertake to lead it, or drive it, or to come to conflict with it, or to denounce it, with or without hypotheses, or before or after the fact. The President's position is arduous: his responsibilities to his God and his country are great. I believe he is doing his best to reconcile and accomplish together the great objects of the peace, the honor, and the rights of the country: and, believing this, I shall hold myself in a position to view his acts with perfect candor, and with the strongest disposition to support him in what he may find it necessary to do."

We have not room this week for the reply of Mr. Hannegan, and the further reply of Gen. Cass. They shall follow promptly in our next.

STILL LATER FROM MEXICO.—*Mr. Slidell rejected—Apprehension of another Revolution.*—The steamer Princess arrived at St. Louis last evening from New Orleans, bringing us dates from that city of the 31st ult. The news of most interest is contained in the second edition of the Picayune of that day. Intelligence has been received from Mexico to the 14th ult, brought by the U. S. Brig Somers to Pensacola, which vessel left Vera Cruz on the 20th.

On the 16th of March information was received at Vera Cruz, from sources entitled to the fullest reliance, that the Mexican Government had given a final and positive refusal to receive Mr. Slidell, as Minister plenipotentiary with full powers, but had also expressed their willingness to treat with a commissioner for the adjustment of the Texas question. Mr. Slidell had demanded his passports, and would take passage for the United States near the 25th inst.

Letters from the capitol, says a letter to the Picayune, dated at Pensacola Navy Yard, from the best informed sources, state that if the news from England by the Cambria, had reached Mexico a little earlier—it was carried down by the Somers and reached Mexico on the 14th—before the final answer of the government had been transmitted, the decision would have been in favor of receiving Mr. Slidell on his own terms. The Mexican Cabinet have been unquestionably sustained by the hope of European intervention: and our differences with England have led them to count upon the co-operation of that, with the fullest confidence.

As Mr. Slidell has not, therefore, actually received his passports, those who know the irresolution and unstable policy of a Mexican administration, may esteem it possible that the answer to Mr. Slidell will be reconsidered, and his mission, at the last moment, accepted under a satisfactory compromise or an admission of his pretensions to the full extent.

The letter proceeds: A panic prevailed at Vera Cruz in consequence of the supposed intention of our fleet to blockade or open hostilities on the withdrawal of Mr. Slidell.

The people were deserting the city, and two days before the Somers sailed, all the Mexican navy were sent under tow of steamers, to a place of safety, far up the Alvarado river. The Locomotor, which had before denied the existence of any alarm, on the 16th frankly admits its error, bears witness to the fears of citizens, and calls on the authorities to adopt such precautions as humanity and the public tranquility demand. The prisons and hospitals are especially commended to the attention and care of Government.

A detachment of 1200 men was on its way to reinforce the garrison of Vera Cruz, and San de Ulloa. There are said to be about 1000 men in the castle. It is also reported that more troops have been despatched in the direction of Matamoras, and that an expedition against the Californias had actually left the capitol. Gen. Ampudia you will recollect, left the capital a few months ago with a large body of troops for the northern frontier. He arrived at San Louis Potosi. On attempting to move from that famous halting place of all the armies of the north, he was arrested by a mutinous outbreak, and more than 1000 of his men refused to march further. The gallant general seizing the standard, appeared before the revolters, and shaming them as paltroons, stimulated their patriotism to follow the national banner. The appeal produced a temporary impression. Order was restored in the ranks and a line of march resumed. But on arriving at the gates of the city, the mutineers were again in the ascendant, and breaking from the ranks, returned to the city, took possession of some of the churches and prepared to resist any attempt to coerce them. Ampudia has thus far followed the footsteps of his illustrious predecessor, Parades. Is some new revolution masked under this military revolt?

Senor Escuedron is reported to be on the eve of going to England on important public business.

The advices from Yucatan are to the end of February. The people are occupied with the elections to the Extraordinary Convention, which is to decide the political position of the Peninsula. There is but little doubt they will declare for absolute independence.

The Somers brings despatches from Mr. Slidell to our Government, which will probably announce the failure of his mission and his intention for embarking for the United States in a few days.

☞That the wild Cherry Bark possesses rare medicinal virtues, is universally conceded, for there is scarcely a family in our land that does not use it in some simple form, and are benefitted by its use. The Balsam of wild Cherry is prepared by the celebrated Dr. Wistar of Philadelphia from the extract of the "Prunus Virginiana," (Wild Cherry,) in a highly concentrated state, with other powerful medicinal agents, that are equally celebrated for their soothing, healing and strengthening influence upon the lungs. For the relief of pulmonary complaints, this compound is certainly superior to all others with which we have been acquainted, and we earnestly recommend the afflicted to make trial of this article.

☞See advertisement.

LATE FROM MEXICO.

The Pensacola Democrat of March 30, publishes an extra, containing important intelligence from Vera Cruz.—The U. S. brig Somers had left that port March 22, making the passage in eight days. The news of the refusal of the Mexican government to receive Mr. Slidell was confirmed. Mr. S. was about leaving for the U. S. in the St. Marys.

On the 18th, Com. Connor, received a letter from Mr. Black, our consul. Mr. Black says, that if the pacific news by the Cambria, from England, had reached Mexico a few days sooner, that government would have received Mr. Slidell. Mr. Black also says that the people of Vera Cruz are awfully frightened, and are leaving the city. The Mexican navy had been sent to a place of safety—by means of steam tow boats, away up some shallow river in the neighborhood. The sentiments of the people are becoming daily more favorable to the United States. The discussion of the monarchy question has done this. Nine tenths of the Mexicans are ardent republicans. A large number of the troops under Gen. Ampudia, had mutinied. Reports had been received at Jalappa, that the northern provinces had seceded from the Mexican confederacy.

LATEST ITEMS OF NEWS.

BURNED.—The Steamer Dr. Franklin, while lying at the levee, New Orleans. As the fire could not be reached, she was scuttled and sunk. Insured for $12,000. The Maria, lying along aside made her escape with difficulty.

SNAGGED.—The Steamer Lacon, decending the Yazoo river, with 11 00 bales cotton on board, sunk—1 50 bales cotton and the boat, totally lost.

PERILS OF THE SEA.—The Bremen barque Henrich, arrived at New York recently, encountered a gale on the 2d March, in lat. 72 48, which carried away her main mast close by the board, and the mizin top mast, and at the same moment shipped a sea that swept the deck, carying away the deck cabin, boats, &c. and washing overboard the captain, mate, and five seamen. The mate and three of the men only regained the vessel: the captain and the other two seamen drowned. The shock was so severe that a passenger in the cabin was knocked against the ceiling so hard as to inflict a terrible wound in his head.

NATIVISM.—The Ohio Legislature (Whig) has passed a resolution declaring itself opposed to any alteration in the Naturalization laws which shall extend the period of Naturalization beyond five years, as it exists at present.

DISTINCTIONS OF COLOR.—The Ohio Legislature, has declared against the repeal of the existing laws, making distinction on account of color.

STOCKS ABOUT TO RISE!—A letter is going the rounds, said to be written by Hon. John Wentworth, which says: "Every thing now has to give way to stocks. A couple of fresh messengers have arrived from England, who propose to accept Mr. Polk's offer, qualified by the freedom of the Columbia for 20 years. It is said Mr. Polk has referred this matter entirely to the Senate. If so, allow me say, the Senate will accept the offer, and stocks will rise!" These are broad assertions. We have not noticed, in the proceedings of the Senate, any such matters being referred to that body by the President,—but perhaps, it has been done in secret session. We take it for granted, either that such is the fact, or that the honorable writer is in error. Our readers must determine in their own minds, which is the most likely.

ABOUT HALF.—Col. Wentworth, in one of his letters to his constituents, says "Lake Michigan has never yet had but *about half* of Indiana and Illinois. The meaning of this is, that only half the Democratic members from those States have voted for the harbor appropriations on the Lake. The reason they do not so vote, we presume is that they have constitutional scruples against such outlays of the public funds; and no honest man will expect any member to violate the oath he takes to support the constitution of the U. States.

SHOCKING MURDER NEAR AUBURN N. Y.

John G. Van Ness and wife and child, of Fleming near Aubern N. Y. were murdered on the night of the 13th ult, and *Mrs Wykoff, Mother of Mrs Van Ness*, and Van Arsdale, *hired man* in the house; dangerously wounded. The murderer came to the house after midnight and rapped at the door. On opening it to see who was there, Mr. Van Ness was stabbed so that he died almost instantly. Mrs Van Ness and child were stabbed almost at the same time. The hired man, hearing a scuffle, came to their assistance, and was also immediately attacked, but, although repeatedly stabbed, succeeded with the aid of a candlestick and broom in driving the murderer from the house. Mrs. Wykoff was stabbed while running to give the alarm. The murderer then took a horse from the barn and rode off towards Auburn, but half a mile out left the horse, probably because he stumbled and threw him, as the horse when found was covered with mud, and appeared to have fallen. The knife of the murderer was broken and dropped in the affray, and was identified as the property of a negro named Freeman, a convict who had been discharged last fall. Pursuit was immediately made and the negro arrested at Phoenix, Oswego county, while engaged in selling a horse under suspicious circumstances. He has since confessed the murder, and his design of murdering the whole family which he was only prevented from doing by breaking his knife and cutting his wrist severely.

Ottawa Free Trader

ADVENTURE WITH A WILD CAT IN LOUISIANA.

NATCHITOCHES, La., Feb. 7, 1846.

A little incident occured in our hunting, the other day, so novel and to me remarkable, that it may not be uninteresting to some of the readers of the "Spirit."

Mr. Strong and myself were hunting (deer) on *Ile Rouguier*, it was in the evening. The dogs were uncoupled, and soon started; they made directly from us, and were very speedily lost to hearing. After, probably, the interval of an hour, they were again in ken, and came booming down upon us, in double quick time. I had selected me a situation, which I supposed insured me a shot, when, *Ma foi! tout de suite*—of a sudden, all was still, a moment after, and a burst of tongue, such as palpably told the game was either at bay or on a tree! brought me to the scene of action. Strong soon came up, and we discovered that a cat had been treed—nor on the tree—but in it.

The tree was an incurvated one, and hollow; the hollow twelve or fourteen inches in diameter, running up 30 feet to an appeture at its apex. "Well" said I, Strong, how are we to compass his Cat-ship—how shall we get him out?" "Oh! no difficulty," said he, "cut me a pole, and I'll climb to the top, and thrust him down to you." "Agreed." So the tree was climbed—the pole cut—and down the cavity *it* came but *not* the Cat! Well, this became tiresome after a while, and we begun to move invention.

"Eureka!" exclaimed Strong, "I've got him—look in my rifle pouch, you'll find some matches there, wrapped in a piece of newspaper—gather up some leaves—light a fire—and we'll *smoke* him out!"

So at it we went, and in about fifteen minutes out popped Mr. "Pichu," with a jump and a spring rom the tree-top. It was now night; the cavity of the tree on fire, and its whole internal surface—like the furnace of a steamer—a sheet of flame. The hounds were again in vigorous pursuit, and two or three rich screams which we gave them did'nt put them back any; but the Cat, like many a dog, had had his day—the elements were against him; and after doubling three or four times so near as to make himself visible by the blaze of his burning home—he actually ran between Strong's legs, within six feet of myself—up to the hollow, and *threw hi the flame* into his original retreat! At this time the fire obtended the entire length of the hollow, and was bursting out the top. It was a matter of such utter amazement to us, that we simultaneously exclaimed—"horrible!—most horrible!" The Cat was a very large one, and we could here his timbers cracking as the bright element wrapped him in his (its) *winding-sheet*.

Most savage animals avoid light—because their deeds are of darkness, we presume. Few approach it; and when they do, it is evidently the impulse of necessity overcoming apprehension. Nature has implanted in them a very proper respect for their own preservation, and this instance of the Cat running into the fire, to avoid the dogs, is a bright illustration of *intempecance o'erpowering instinct*.

From the Chicago Democrat.

HON. A. C. FRENCH.

The nominee of the Democracy of Illinois, for the high and responsible station of Governor, is a man every way worthy of confidence and support,—Chosen from the body of the people, elevated to the distinguished position of leader of a great party, an honor unsought and unasked by himself, it were well, perhaps, that something of his past history should be written.

AUGUSTUS C. FRENCH was born August 2d, 1811, in the town of Hill, in the State of New Hampshire. His parents were worthy and respectable people, though in moderate circumstances, and unable to give him the means of education beyond those offered by the common schools of his native State. When at the age of twenty his parents died, leaving a large family of children all younger than himself, in some measure dependant upon him for support.

After pursuing the usual course of legal study in the office of the Hon. S. Moody, of Gilmanton, in New Hampshire, in 1832, he removed to the town of Albion, Edwards Co. Ill. where he commenced the practice of his profession. In 1835 he removed to the town of Paris, Edgar Co. During this year he was elected as representative of that county in the State Legislature, where his talents and firm support of Democratic principles soon gained for him a prominent station in the Legislative halls.—During this session he was elected Prosecuting Attorney, fourth Judicial District, the duties of which office he discharged with honor to himself and justice to his charge. In 1838, he was re-elected to the Legislature, where he held his seat until appointed by President Van Buren as Receiver of Public Moneys in the Palestine land district. For this station he refused a re-appointment. In 1844 he was placed upon the Polk and Dallas electoral ticket, and had the satisfaction of casting his vote for those distinguished men.

Mr. FRENCH has ever been a firm and consistent democrat, ever ready to sacrifice his personal interests for the public good. He exhibits an instance of one rising to distinction and usefulness by his own unaided efforts. Like many others, he came to the west poor and unknown. He had none of the appliances of wealth and family upon which to build his reputation. Energetic, industrious, and honest, he has risen step by step, by his own talents, till now he is before the people of Illinois as a candidate for the highest office under their State sovereignty. He has been chosen by the Democratic party, as a fit person to be entrusted with the helm of State. His past history is a sure enough guaranty that their confidence will not be misplaced.

PIATT COUNTY.

At a large and respectable meeting of the Democratic voters of Piatt co., held at Monticello, on Monday, April 6th 1846, for the purpose of selecting a delegate to represent this county in the 3d Congressional District Convention, to be held in Charleston Coles co., on the 6th of May next to nominate a suitable candidate for election to Congress from this District in August next.

On motion of Maj. J. McReynolds, Dr. C. R. Ward was called to the chair, and A. M. Nesbitt appointed secretary.

The object of the meeting having been explained by Maj. McReynolds, upon motion, the meeting proceeded, by ballot, to express their preference for a candidate to represent this district in the next Congress, which resulted, by a large majority, in favor of the Hon. O. B. Ficklin; whereupon, James Reber Esq. was appointed a delegate to represent this county in said Charleston Convention, with power to fill his vacancy in case of inability to attend.

On motion,

Resolved That a committee of three be appointed to draft resolutions expressive of the sense of this meeting; whereupon the chair appointed, Messrs. Reber, Rickets and McReynolds Esqrs. said committee; who having retired a short time reported the following, which was adopted:

Whereas, it is a democratic usage, throughout the country, to call meetings for the purpose of choosing delegates to meet in Convention and select suitable candidates to place before the people for public stations; and as the right of instruction is conceded to be purely democratic, and the most direct mode of expressing the wishes and interests of the people, therefore,

Resolved, That we have entire and unfeigned confidence in the ability and integrity of our present talented member of Congress from this District. O. B. Ficklin, and that his persevering industry and adherence to Democratic principle and measures should secure for him the gratitude of the Democracy of the 3d Congressional district.

Resolved, That we conceive the title of the United States to the whole of the territory of Oregon (as contended for in the Hon. O. B. Ficklin's speech) to be clear and indisputable up to 54 deg. 40 min., and that any attempt to arbitrate the question would fail to lead to a pacific settlement of the affair. *The territory* belongs to the United States, and national honor and interests demand that our soil and citizens should be protected.

Resolved, That the proceedings of this meeting be signed by the officers, and published in the State Register and Charleston Reporter.

C. R. WARD, Chm'n

A. M. NESBITT, Sec'y.

☞"Well Mose, I hearn you was tuck up tu-der night, for bein out arter hours: is dat a fact, niggar?"

"It aint noffin else, Sam, and it just cost dis child four dollars and seven bits—spences concluded."

"Whew! well Mose, I would'nt hab paid it: I'd repeal de case through de Supreme court up to de County Court; I would'nt do noffin else!"

"Go away Sam, you know I'se not litigious."

CONFESSION.—The following is from a Dublin journal:—"Have you any thing else whereof your conscience should be purged?" asked Father Phelan of a kneeling culprit at confession.

"Yes," replied the patient, "I have committed the mean sin of theft. I have stolen this watch; will your reverence accept it of me?"

"Me!" exclaimed the pious priest; "I receive the fruit of your villany! No, instantly return the watch to its owner.

"I have already offered it to him," replied the culprit, "and he has refused to receive it; therefore, holy father, I beseech you take it."

"Peace, wretch!" rejoined the priest, you should have repeated the offer."

"I did repeat it, your reverence, but he would not take it."

"Then," said the priest "I must absolve you from the sin you have committed."

The purified thief had scarcely departed when the astonished father discovered that it was his own watch that had been stolen from the place where it had been deposited near the confessionary!

DIED—In this city, on Monday the 14th inst. Mrs. Susan, aged 40 years, wife of John E Canfield and daughter of Daniel La Tourrette, of the City of New York.—Mrs C. was a most excellent lady, and her death is most deeply lamented by all who knew her.

DIED, On Friday night the 10th inst. ELLEN, daughter of Lydia & James W. Keys, Esqs. of this city aged 15 months.

MASONIC NOTICE.

THERE will be an adjourned meeting of SPRINGFIELD LODGE No. 4, of Free and Accepted Masons, held at their Hall on 5th street, on Monday evening next the 20th of April, at 7 o'clock. By order of

W. LAVELY, W. M.

A. R. ROBINSON, Sec'ry.

NOTICE.

DR. HUGGINS returns his thanks to the citizens of Springfield and the surrounding country for the liberal patronage that has been bestowed upon him during his residence among them, and would say to the public that he has sold his entire stock of medicines to Dr. POMEROY, for whom he solicits a continuation of the patronage that has been extended to him and deems a physician worthy of their confidence.

As I shall leave here in a few days, I wish all those indebted to me to come foward and settle by cash or otherwise.

Springfield, April 17, 1846.—3w.

THOMAS L. HARRIS,

ATTORNEY AT LAW, PETERSBURG, ILL.

WILL attend to any legal business in the eighth Judicial Circuit. All collections and agencies from abroad promptly attended to.

Nov. 29, 1842.—y1

EDWARD EVEY.

ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW,
SHELBYVILLE, SHELBY COUNTY, ILLINOIS,
Office in the Court House.

Feb. 13, 1846—1y

ILL. ADVERTISMENTS.

THE CRY IS, STILL THEY COME!

B. C. WEBSTER & CO.

Are again in town, with a large stock of

SPRING AND SUMMER GOODS,

WHICH have been recently purchased in the eastern cities, by one of the firm, in the selection of which, IT IS SAID, unusual good taste and judgment has been displayed. It is spoken of publicly, throughout the country, (without fear of contradiction,) and whispered around the precincts, that so large an assortment and so many rich and beautiful styles of Goods for ladies dresses; such elegant bonnets, and genteel hats, and such tall piles of lovely Calicoes, and splendid Ginghams, THAT DON'T KNOW HOW TO FADE, were never before congregated together under one roof. We are constantly receiving and opening a very large and general

ASSORTMENT OF

Cloths, Cassimeres, Cashmeretts, Tweeds,
Croton cloth, Satinets, Jeans, Flannels,
Carpeting, Cotton, Ticking, Apron Checks,
Bleached Muslins, Brown Domestics,
Osnaburgs, Linen Drillings, Mixtures,
Nankeens, Vestings, Cravats, Gingham,
Calicoes, Handkerchiefs, Laces,
Hosiery, Parasols, Sun Shades, Umbrellas,
Gloves, Ribbons, Bonnets, Hats,
Boots, Shoes, Caps, Groceries,
Hardware, Window Glass,
Looking Glasses, Wooden Ware, &c.

We do verily believe that our house can offer greater inducements to purchasers than can be met with elsewhere, having been engaged in the trade amongst you for fourteen years, and being familiar with the eastern markets, we hazard nothing in saying, that you cannot find so large an assortment of Goods, or a more desirable stock to select from between St. Louis and Chicago.

We will exchange our Goods for all the products of the farm, as Wool, Wheat, Bacon, Lard, Butter, Tallow, Beeswax, Hemp, Feathers, Dry Hides, &c. No exertions shall be wanting to please all who favor us with a call, and we will do our utmost to have all go away perfectly satisfied that they have acted wisely in calling upon

B. C. WEBSTER & CO.

Springfield, April 17, 1846.

GROCERIES,

JUST RECEIVED BY J. M. BURKHARDT.

100 Sacks G B and L B Salt
50 bbls Kenhawa salt
8 hhds Sugar, 50 bags Coffee
4 bbls loaf and crushed Sugar
500 lbs G P, I P and Young Hyson Tea
20 boxes sperm and tallow Candles
20 bbls New Orleans Molasses,
25 kegs nails from 3 to 12 pennys
2 dozen painted buckets
3 bbls mackerel, 6 boxes cod fish
12 boxes 8 by 10 and 10 by 12, glass
5000 principe cigars
2500 dozen Eagle and Hope cotton yarn
12 gross patent matches
300 setts common teas and twillers
3 dozen Collins and Boots' Axes
8 bbls cider vinegar, 1 sack saleratus
2 bbls ground and chip'd logwood
2 casks Dutch madder
100 lbs super Spanish float Indigo
2 doz Ames' shovels, 1 tierce rice
1 bale raw cotton
12 boxes rosin, castile, and sweet scented soap
100 lbs shot and bar lead
10 bs Va. and Mo. chewing & smoking tobacco
1000 lbs allum and coperas, 3 bbls tar

Coffee-mills, curry-combs, brushes, bed cords, coil rope, brimstone, flour sulphur, raisins, almonds, cinnamon, cloves, mustard, chocolate, ginger, mace, salts, starch, ground cinnamon and pepper, camphor, sporting powder, sweet oils, turpentine, sheet and ounce pins, needles, fish hooks and lines, slates and pencils, plain and fluted thimbles, grain scythes, grass scythes and sneads; scythe stones, clothes pins, Rodgers' pen knives, table and tea spoons, thimbles, combs, blacking, percussion caps, hay forks, shoe and saddle tacks, castings, crockery ware, tin ware, brooms, writing paper, ink, wines and liquors, &c., &c.

ALSO A FEW ARTICLES OF DRY GOODS.

Such as calicoes, brown and bleached domestics, apron checks, ginghams, handkerchiefs, drillings, cottonade bedticking, &c.

The above articles, will be sold cheap for Cash, or exchanged for country produce.

Jan. 1, 1846.

D. M. RUCKEL,

CABINET MAKER AND UNDERTAKER.

AT the old stand south of the Post Office, continues to keep on hand and make to order all kinds of Cabinet Furniture of good workmanship and of the best materials. Coffins of every size and quality constantly on hand, and furnished at any moment. Having been engaged in the East and for the last nine years in this city in the Undertaking business, he flatters himself that he can attend to the last duties to the dead in a manner that will give satisfaction to the living. Graves furnished in either of the Burying grounds of the city.

A new and neat hearse with gentle horse and careful driver furnished to order.

January 2, 1846.—ly.

LOOK HERE STRANGER!!!

E. COOK & CO.

ARE receiving a fresh supply of Groceries, Wines and Liquors, and opening them in the Store formerly occupied by Bell & Hurst, and one door south of J. Irwin & Co.'s, consisting in part of the following articles:

Havana Coffee,	Lead,
Rio do.	Shot,
Loaf Sugar,	Shaving Soap,
New Orleans do.	Family Soap,
Imperial Tea,	Vinegar,
Gunpowder do.	French Brandies,
Young Hyson do.	American do.
Black do.	Holland Gin,
Mackerel Nos. 1 and 2	American do.
Cod Fish,	Port Wines,
Scotch Herring,	Maderia do.
Sugar House Molasses	Old Rye Whiskey,
New Orleans do.	Old rectified do.
Cavendish Tobacco,	Lemon Syrup,
Missouri leaf do.	Fresh Lemons,
Smoking do.	Table Salt,
Regalia Cigars,	Ground alum do.
Principe do.	Painted Buckets,
Casandora do.	Wash Tubs,
Meelay do.	Brooms,
Pepper,	Queensware,
Spice,	Window Glass,
Cloves,	Glass Tumblers,
Cinnamon,	Pint Flasks,
Nutmegs,	Quart Bottles,
Rasins,	Stone ware,
Almonds,	Tin ware,
Figs, Candies,	Candle wick,
Chocolate,	Bed Cords,
Sperm Candles,	Blacking,
Tallow Candles,	Mustard,
Saleratus,	Castor Oil,
Indigo,	Starch,
Madder, Powder,	Pipes, &c.

ALSO, A FEW DRY GOODS,

Such as Domestics, Calicoes, Satinetts, Jeans, Muslins, &c. Hats and Caps, Boots and Shoes. Also, Brass Clocks, warranted to keep good time; and many other articles too tedious to enumerate. All of which will be sold low for cash or exchanged for most kinds of country produce.

October 30, 1845. E. COOK & CO.

JOHNSON'S CITY HOTEL.

THE travelling community are respectfully invited to call. The accommodations cannot be surpassed. Private rooms for Stage passengers.

RATES OF FARE:

One day 75 cents | Single meal 25 cents

Just one half the usual charge at stage house, through the Proprietor. Jan. 1, 1844—yl

ATTENTION FARMERS!!!

THE PHOENIX MILL.

IS now in good repair, and prepared to grind both WHEAT and CORN, in the best manner, and on terms that cannot fail to render perfect satisfaction. Persons coming from a distance, can, at all times, get their grinding by staying over night. W. P. GRIMSLEY.

Springfield, June 6, 1845.

N. B.—A superior article of Family Flour constantly on hand at the mill or store, on the west corner of the public square. A. P. G.

NEW SPRING AND SUMMER GOODS.

JAMES L. LAMB,

AT HIS OLD STAND, OPPOSITE THE AMERICAN HOUSE,

IS now receiving direct from the Eastern cities, a large and desirable stock of Merchandize suitable for the spring and summer trade, to which he respectfully invites the attention of his old customers and the trading community generally, he would merely intimate to those who wish to purchase good goods at fair rates, that perhaps they might do worse than to give him a call before purchasing elsewhere, as he is determined to operate upon the principle of "small profits and quick sales," he thinks he can hold out as great inducements to purchasers as any establishment in the city.

April 17, 1846.

JUST RECEIVED and for sale by the subscriber 3 doz. horse collars
3 doz. hames,
1 doz. each mule hames and collars.

April 17, 1846. JAMES L. LAMB.

JUST RECEIVED and for sale by the subscriber 20 kegs nails
20 boxes 8 x 10 Glass
15 do 10 x 12 do
6 doz painted buckets
1 doz grain shovels

April 17, 1846. JAMES L. LAMB.

BOOTS AND SHOES.

JUST RECEIVED and for sale by the subscriber 100 pair men's kip brogans
150 " youths and boys do
100 " women's leather ties
200 " do slippers
200 " children's boots & ancle ties
5 cases men's calf and kip boots,

April 17, 1846. JAMES L. LAMB.

JUST RECEIVED and for sale by the subscriber 6 bales 4-4 brown domestics,
40 pieces bleached do
10 do bed ticking
20 do brown drilling

April 17, 1846. JAMES L. LAMB.

CHIP HATS.—40 doz. just received and for sale by JAMES L. LAMB.

April 17, 1846.

JAS. M. BRADFORD. JOSEPH SMITH.

BRADFORD & SMITH,

At the house formerly occupied by L. Levering.

HAVING purchased the entire stock of Laurason Levering, on such terms that they can sell them as low as any house in the city.

They will take most kinds of country produce at the market price in exchange. They invite their friends and the customers of the late firm to give them a call.

N. B.—Fresh Baltimore can Oysters constantly on hand.

Springfield, Dec. 5, 1845—ly.

S. M. TINSLEY & CO.

SPRINGFIELD,

N. P. TINSLEY & CO.

BEARDSTOWN AND MACOMB,

ARE now receiving their usual large and well selected stocks of goods—the best assortments that will be offered in those places this spring—which will be sold cheap; for cash and all kinds of produce.

Springfield, April 10, 1846.

N. B.—Wool, bacon, lard, feathers, wheat, and most other kinds of produce wanted, for cash or goods, at either of our stores.

S. M. T. & CO.

STATE OF ILLINOIS SANGAMON COUNTY,

In the Circuit Court of said county of Sangamon, to the July Term A D 1846.

John S. Wilbourn Complainant,

against

Stephen T. Logan, Jacob Ritter, Lincoln of the firm of Ritter & Lincoln & Abraham Ritter.

Defendants.

IN CHANCERY.

It appearing by affidavit on file in the Clerks office of the said Circuit Court that the said defendants Jacob Ritter, Lincoln and Abraham Ritter are not residents of the state of Illinois: Notice is therefore hereby given to you the said defendants that a bill in Chancery has been filed in the clerks office of the said Circuit Court against you by the above named complainant; that a subpoena in chancery has been issued thereon returnable to the July term A. D. 1846, of the said Circuit Court, that unless you the said defendants in the above entitled cause, shall be and appear before the Circuit Court for Sangamon county, State of Illinois, on the first day of the next term thereof to be holden in the city of Springfield on the fourth Monday in the month of July next and answer to the said complainants bill of complaint the allegations thereof will be taken for confessed against you and a decree entered according to the prayer of said bill.

JOHN CALHOUN, Cl'k.
PER O. DEFENDORF, D. C.

Purple & Metcalfe
Comp'lts. Sol'r. April 17—6w

STATE OF ILLINOIS SANGAMON COUNTY.

In the Circuit Court of said county of Sangamon, to the July term A. D. 1846.

Nathaniel Hay Complainant

against

Nicholas Bryan, Malinda W. Pettus, intermarried with Thomas P Pettus, William Jones, Sarah Jane Smith, intermarried with Thomas P. Smith, and William Bryan and the unknown heirs of Geo. Bryan Sen. deceased.

Defendants

IN CHANCERY.

It apppearing by affidavit on file in the Clerk's office of the said Circuit Court, that the said defendant William Bryan is not a resident of the State of Illinois; and also that there are other persons interested in said suit whose names and residences are unknown: Notice is therefore hereby given to you the said William Bryan and to all whom it may concern, that a supplemental bill in Chancery in the nature of a bill of Revivor has been filed in the clerk's office of the said Circuit Court against you, and the unknown heirs of Geo. Bryan Sen. dec'd and the other above named defendants by the above complainant that a subpoena in Chancery has been issued thereon, returnable to the July term A. D. 1846 of said Circuit Court, that, unless you the said William Bryan and such other persons as may be interested, shall be and appear before the Circuit Court for Sangamon county, State of Illinois on the first day of the next term thereof to be holden in the city of Springfield on the fourth Monday in the month of July next and answer to the said complainants bill of complaint, the allegations thereof will be taken for confessed against you, and a decree entered according to the prayer of said bill.

JOHN CALHOUN, Cl'k.
PER O. DEFENDORF, D. C.

Logan & Lincoln Comp'ts Sol'r
April 17—6w

STATE OF ILLINOIS SANGAMON COUNTY.

In the Circuit Court of said County of Sangamon to the July term A.D. 1846.

Neale McCrea, Peter McCrea, Mary Donelly Catharine Grames Complainant.

against

Geo. Wentz and Margaret his wife formerly Margaret McCoy

IN CHANCERY.

It apppearing by affidavit on file in the clerk's office of the said circuit court, that the said defendents Geo. Wentz and Margaret Wentz his wife formerly Margaret McCoy are not residents of the State of Illinois: Notice is therefore hereby given to you the said defendants, that a bill in chancery has been filed in the clerks office of the said Circuit court, against you, by the above named complainants; that a subpoena in chancery has been issued thereon returnable to the July term A. D. 1846 of the said Circuit Court, that, unless you the said defendants in the above entitled cause shall be and appear before the Circuit Court for Sangamon county, State of Illinois, on the first day of the next term thereof to be holden in the city of Springfield on the fourth Monday of the month of July next, and answer to the said complainants bill of complaint, the allegations thereof will be taken for confessed against you and a decree entered according to the prayer of said bill.

JOHN CALHOUN, Cl'k.
PER O. DEFENDORF, D. C.

Stuart & Edwards
comp'ts Sol'r. April 17—6w

S. C. MARSH. J. C. COMPTON.

MARSH & COMPTON.

STAPLE AND FANCY DRY GOODS,

NO. 92 PEARL STREET, NEW YORK.

G. W. WILDE, Salesman.

Jan. 1, 1846.—ly

DRUGS, CHEMICALS AND INSTRUMENTS.

M'CLOUD & WHEATON,

ARE now receiving their Spring stock of the above articles which completes their assortment, and makes it the largest that has ever been offered to the public this side of the mountains, and we would particularly invite purchasers to give us a call previous to making their purchases, as we feel assured we can astonish them with our very particularly selected stock of instruments and chemicals, both in variety and quality:

Iodine Quinine	Hypo. sulp. soda.
" Zinc,	Acetate. plumbi.
" Lead,	Abstetrical cases,
" Mercury,	Surgical do.
" Arsenic & Mer.	Strabismus do.
" Iron,	Speculums assorted,
" Arsenic,	Trochars, do.
" Sulphur,	Stethescopes do.
Valerianate of Zinc,	Womb syringes do.
" of Iron,	Amputating cases,
Delphine,	Scarificators,
Digataline,	Pessaries glass,
Emetine,	Do. gum elastic,
Narcotine,	Do. silver,
Dextrine,	Do. ivory,
Gentinine,	Do. wood,
Jalapine,	Hull's Trusses,
Ergotine,	Chase's do.
Cinchonine,	Sands' do.
Brucine,	Gouldings' do.
Succinic Accid,	Children's do.
Cyanuret Iron,	Silver Lancet cases,
Nit. do	Do. caustic do.
Act. do	Ivory do. do.
Muriate, do	Glass inhaler,
Sulph. Morphine	Metalic do.
Act. do	Stomach Tubes,
Mur. do	Self injecting syringes,
Lactate of Iron,	Female do.
Napthaline,	Penis do.
Veratrine,	Ear do.
Strychnine,	Surgeon's needles,
Salicine,	Foxes tooth keys,
Quinine,	Do. do. do. ivory,
Piperine,	Do. do. do. ebony,
Nit. Lime,	Tooth forceps asstd.
Pro chlo tin,	Do. do. Molar,
Rhubarbarine,	Do. Files stub,
Chloride of Sodium,	Do. Excavators,
Eau. Brocchieri,	Do. Fillers,
Sub. mur. Hydr.	Bistorys, asstd.
Pocket cases,	Abscess Lancets,
Dental Instruments,	Ams. Cantz. Bougie,
Dissecting do.	Probangs, spring end,
Stomach Pumps,	Glass Speclums,
Thumb Lancets,	Niching knives,
Spring do.	Maws apparatus,
Silver Catheters,	Eye glasses,
Trephineing Inst.	Nursing bottles, silver
Cupping do.	and glass tubes.

&c. &c. all of which we offer low, together with a fine stock of Drugs, Dyes, Paints, Oils, Glass and Glassware.

M'CLOUD & WHEATON,
Corner 4th and Chesnut streets, above the Post Office, St. Louis.

April 17, 1846.

W. W. DALRYMPLE,

Seed Store, 21 Market Street, St. Louis,

CLOVER SEED—Just received 50 bbls red clover seed, the growth of 1845, a superior article.

TIMOTHY SEED—Just received 50 bbls.

BIRD CAGES—Just received a large assortment of bird cages, plain and veneered.

April 17, 1846.

JOS. S. MORRISON. JNO. J. ANDERSON.

J. J. ANDERSON & CO.

Exchange Office, 69 Main Street, St. Louis.

SIGHT checks on Philadelphia and New York, in sums to suit purchasers, for sale at the lowest prices.

All descriptions of Bank notes, of the denomination of ten dollars and upwards, purchased and sold at the best rates.

Drafts, Notes and Bills of Exchange, on all prominent points, collected, and funds remitted with despatch.

Deposits in currency or specie, received upon liberal terms.

American gold always on hand for sale.

April 17, 1846.

RIGGS & LEVERING,

26 Levee, St. Louis,

HAVE JUST RECEIVED AND FOR SALE,

PAPER—100 reams ruled cap paper, and 50 do do letter paper.

WHEAT SACKS—3000 osnaburg bags, 2 bushels large.

OSNABURGS—4 bales 'Patapsco' osnaburgs, 4 4 for sale low.

IRISH LINENS—5 cases, comprising various qualities.

BROOMS—100 doz.

LEMON SYRUP—100 doz.

SPICES—30 bags pimento, 20 do pepper, 20 do race ginger, 3 bbls cloves, 1 do nutmegs, 100 mats cassia, 20 kegs ground ginger, 20 boxes ground pepper.

NAILS—400 kegs Boston nails, assorted sizes, for sale low.

April 17, 1846.

BERTHOLD & EWING,

WHOLESALE GROCERS, COMMISSION AND FORWARDING MERCHANTS.

No. 28 Water Street St. Louis.

SUGAR—150 hhds N. O. sugar in store.

COFFEE—1400 bags Rio Coffee.

MOLASSES—N. O. and S. H. Molasses in store.

COTTON YARN—550 bags cotton yarn, long and short reel.

BATTING AND WICKING—200 bales batting, 175 do wicking.

FEATHERS—Live geese feathers on consignment

LARD—15 barrels in store.

CODFISH—15 casks codfish, 100 boxes do.

MACKEREL—200 bbls.

PAPER—700 reams wrapping, 200 do cap do, 150 do letter do.

NAILS—1200 kegs nails, assorted sizes.

SPADES—10 doz Ames' spades, 45 do Carr's do.

SHOVELS—15 doz cast steel shovels, 30 do do Carr's do.

SCYTHE SNATHS—50 doz scythe snaths in store.

TOBACCO—150 boxes Missouri tobacco, 400 do Virginia do, 75 do Hare's do.

April 17, 1846.

DOAN, KING & CO.

131 Main Street St. Louis,

OFFER for sale, 10 cases blue, gold mix'd, dark mix'd and cadet mix'd satinetts.
15 cases blue, cadet and gold mix'd jeans,
15 do black, blue, olive and green broadcloths.
4 do tweeds, 50 do summer stuffs: plaid, striped and plain kremlins, denims, mixtures, gambroons, cottonades, coating ginghams.
103 cases fancy prints, 10 do blue do, 3 do ginghams.
6 do lawns, the richest patterns in the city.
20 bales A. C. A., A and B. ticking,
5 do California do
13 cartoons Lisle edgings and laces, black and white nets, fig'd and plain, jaconets, cambrics, plaid and striped muslins, Swiss muslins, bishop's lawn; fancy silk and barege hdkfs, ladies' white, black and colored cotton hose: brown, mixed and white half hose: buttons of all kinds: tuck, side, dressing and fine combs: black and colored ribbons; large assortment of rich cap and bonnet ribbons, patent cotton and spool thread: pongee silk, flag silk and bandana hdkfs, cotton hdkfs: black and fancy Italian cravats, &c. &c. &c.

April 17, 1846.

MORRIS R. CHEW,

ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW,

SHELBYVILLE, SHELBY COUNTY, ILLINOIS.

WILL attend to business in the profession in Shelby and the adjoining counties. Office in the Court House.

Feb. 13, 1846.—ly.

CONDELL, JONES & CO.

North West corner of the Public Square, Springfield, and at their Branch Store in Decatur.

WHERE the subscribers keep on hand the largest assortment of DRY GOODS, Boots, Shoes, &c. in both places—and are continually receiving additions of fresh goods direct from the cheapest houses and best manufactories in the East.

They offer goods as low as they can be sold by any establishment in the West, and from the superior advantages which they possess in purchasing, they believe that they can and do afford them cheaper than any store whatever in this section of the country. April 17—ly

NOTICE.

A JAIL TO BE BUILT IN CHRISTIAN CO.

SEALED proposals will be received, addressed to the Clerk of the County Commissioners' Court of Christian county, postage paid, until 12 o'clock, noon, on Monday the first day of June next, to erect a jail on the following plan, to wit: the house to be twenty feet long and sixteen feet wide, two stories high, with two rooms on the first floor, and one on the second, to be seven feet high each—the lower wall to be made of hewn timbers ten inches thick, and two walls to be built eight inches apart, and the spaces between the walls to be filled with timbers eight inches thick set on end loosely—to be placed on a wall of stone eighteen inches high and thirty inches wide, the wall to be let in the ground one foot. The second story to be two walls of hewn timber, each ten inches thick and closely laid—the floors in the first story to be laid with timbers ten inches thick, and on the second story with timbers eight inches thick—and on the timbers plank one inch thick, jointed and well laid down, over the second story timbers eight inches thick closely placed together, with a substantial roof—the timbers to be firm white or bur oak. There shall be two doors to the lower story, and one to the second. The shutters will be make of inch plank three double and lined with sheet iron strongly rivited on the inside and filled with nails half an inch apart on the outside, to be hung on strong iron hinges. One window in each room on the first floor twelve by eighteen inches in size, with grates made of iron bars one inch square, and placed one inch apart in a strong iron frame, strongly confined to the timbers with iron bolts. There will be two windows in the second story twenty-four by thirty-six inches in size, with grate made of iron bars one inch square, placed four inches apart, in a substantial iron frame, and strongly confined to the timbers with iron bolts.

The partition wall will be hewn timbers ten inches thick and extend through the middle wall. The floors will also extend through the middle wall.

By order of the County Commissioners at Christian county, Illinois.

P. C. FERGUSON, Clk.

Taylorville, April 13, 1846.—lw.

WISTAR'S BALSAM OF WILD CHERRY.

THE GREAT AMERICAN REMEDY FOR

CONSUMPTION OF THE LUNGS,

Affections of the Liver, Asthma, Bronchitis, Pain or weakness of the Breast or Lungs, Chronic Coughs, Pleurisy, Hemorrage of the Lungs, and all the affections of the Pulmonary Organs.

NATURE'S OWN PRESCRIPTION.

A compound balsamic preparation of the Prunus Virginia or Wild Cherry Bark, combined with the extract of pine, prepared by a new chemical process, approved and recommended by the most distinguished physicians, and universally acknowledged the most valuable medicine ever discovered.

We do not wish to trifle with the lives or health of the afflicted, and we sincerely pledge ourselves to make no assertions as to the virtues of this medicine, and to hold out no hope to suffering humanity, which facts will not warrant.

We ask the attention of the candid, to a few considerations.

Nature, in every part of her works, has left indelible marks of adoption and design.

The constitution of the animals and vegetables of the torrid, is such that they could not endure the cold of the frigid zone, and vice versa.

In regard to disease and cure, the adoption is not less striking. The moss of Iceland, the Wild Cherry and pine of all northern latitudes (the balsam is an extract of these) having long been celebrated for complaints prevalent in cold climates. Indeed the most distinguished medical men have averred that nature furnishes in every country antidotes for its own peculiar diseases.

Consumption in its confirmed and incipient stages, coughs, asthma, croup and liver complaint, form by far the most fatal class of diseases known to "our land. Yet even these may be cured by means of the simple yet powerful remedies which are scattered wherever those maladies prevail

Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry is the concentrated essence of these remedies. It has cured incipient consumption, asthma, croup, liver complaints, &c., in numberless cases where all other medical remedies had failed.

WILL MIRACLES NEVER CEASE? MORE EVIDENCE OF ITS SURPASSING HEALTH RESTORATIVE VIRTUES!!!

[From Dr. Baker, Springfield, Washington co., Kentucky.]

SPRINGFIELD, Kentucky, May 14, 1845.

Gentlemen:—I take this opportunity of informing you of a most remarkable cure performed on me by the use of Dr. Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry.

In the year 1840, I was taken with an inflammation of the bowels, which I labored under for six weeks when I gradually recovered. In the fall of 1841, I was attacked with a severe cold, which seated itself upon my lungs; and for the space of three years I was confined to my bed. I tried all kinds of medicines, and every variety of medical aid, without benefit, and thus I wearied along until the winter of 1844, when I heard of Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry.

My friends persuaded me to give it a trial, though I had given up all hopes of recovery, and had prepared myself for the change of another world. Through their solicitation, I was induced to make use of the "Genuine Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry." The effect was truly astonishing. After five years of affliction, pain, and suffering and having spent four or five hundred dollars to no purpose, and the best and most respectable physicians had proved unavailing, I was restored to entire health by the blessing of God, and the use of Dr. Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry.

I am now enjoying good health, and such is my altered appearance that I am no longer known when I meet my former acquaintances.

I have gained rapidly in weight, and my flesh is firm and solid. I can now eat as much as any person and my food seems to agree with me. I have eaten more during the last six months than I had eaten for five years before.

Considering my case almost a miracle, I deem it necessary for the good of the afflicted, and a duty I owe to the proprietors and my fellow men, (who should know where relief may be had) to make the subject public.

May the blessing of God rest upon the proprietor of so valuable a medicine as Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry.

Yours respectfully,
WM. H. BAKER.

ANOTHER ASTONISHING CURE.

WISTAR'S BALSAM OF WILD CHERRY,

ALWAYS TRIUMPHANT.

CURE FOLLOWS CURE,

IN ITS ONWARD VICTORIOUS CAREER!

Dayton, Feb. 11, 1845.

MR. J. W WHITMORE:

Dear Sir:—As you are the regular authorized agent in Dayton, for the sale of Dr. Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry," I take this method of making a statement of facts to you (which I hope may be published to the world) in reference to an almost miraculous cure, wrought in my case by means of the above INVALUABLE BALSAM.

Language fails to describe the salutary effects it produced, and the great benefit I derived from its use.

The citizens of Dayton and vicinity will recollect that on the 8th of August last, I recived serious injury from the explosion of a cannon. A portion of its contents entered my right side and breast; and in all probability, some fragments or splinters, of the ramrod passed through the 'plura,' and pierced my lungs.

After the lapse of about three weeks I was attacked with a distressing cough and violent pain in my right side. Some ten days after this, which in a paroxysm of coughing, suddenly an ulcer broke and a large quantity of very offensive matter mixed with blood, was discharged; most of which found passage through the opening of the wound. From this opening there frequently passed a quantity of air, supposed to issue from the lungs. During all this time my sufferings were almost intolerable.

My physicians, mean time paid the strictest attention to me, and did all in their power for my recovery. But with all their skill they could not reach the seat of distress, after the lungs had become affected. I was visited during this time by at least twenty physicians.

It was now reduced to a certainty that inflammation of the lungs was rapidly taking place; and that this would terminate my life in a very short time, was in the highest degree probable.

At this critical stage, a messenger was despatched to Cincinnati; and a celebrated physician of that place was consulted. When he was made acquainted with my situation, he remarked that nothing could be done by medical aid if the constitution itself was not sufficient to throw off the disease.

My friends now despaired of my recovery, and I had no earthly hope to survive many days. Fortunately at this juncture I saw one of Dr. Wistar's pamphlets, entitled "Family Medical Guide," or 'Treatise on Consumption of the Lungs.' As I had often heard of dying men "catching at straws," I felt like doing so myself. By the consent of my physicains, I sent to you for a bottle of the medicine described, viz: "WISTAR'S BALSAM OF WILD CHERRY," which relieved me almost immediately. After using some 5 or 6 bottles, I so far recovered as to be up and about. My cough ceased, and my lungs restored to a healthy state —all from the healing and balmy influence, and powerful medical virtues of WISTAR'S BALSAM.

Were it not from the external injury I received in my shoulder, and arm by the explosion, I feel confident that I might have been working at my trade, (which is blacksmithing) but this has prevented.

By exposure I have since taken several severe colds, and my "only remedy" has been the "BALSAM." And I most cordially recommend the genuine Wistar's Balsam to all who are afflicted with colds coughs, or lung complaints. I consider it an invaluable medicine— a real blessing to the world. Any person desiring any further information, may call on me at any time.

Yours truly,
CHRISTOPHER R. SMITH.

City of Dayton, }
Montgomery Co., State of Ohio, }

Subscribed and sworn to, before me, Justice of the Peace, this 11th day of Feb., 1845.

EBENEZER FOWLER.

☞Testimony of three highly creditable citizens of Dayton, in confirmation of the above.

We, the undersigned, being intimately acquainted with Mr. Smith, and having seen and watched over him frequently during his late illness, do not hesitate to say that the foregoing is by no means an exaggerated statement, but is entitled to full credit.

(signed) A. L. STOUT.
J. B. H. DODSON.
HENRY R. SMITH.

We might publish a thousand certificates, but do not deem it necessary, knowing that a single trial will do more to establish its efficacy, than a volume of testimonials. There are hundreds of Balsams recommended as positive specifics for pulmonary diseases, but where is the evidence of these puny nostrums curing an aggravated case like the one mentioned above.

☞BE NOT DECEIVED.☜

If you would have the true article and that which will cure, if a cure be possible, then remember that "king" of all other medicines, WISTAR'S BALSAM OF WILD CHERRY.

Such is the unprecedented success of this Balsam, "nature's favorite prescription,"—a prescription congenial to our wants, as it is prepared from chemical extracts from substances which the author of nature has placed in our land for wise purposes that many who know nothing of the mode of preparation, are endeavoring to reap pecuniary benefits by selling an article similar in name, or its appearance, or by representing their own trash as superior to this balsam, or by putting up a mixture and solemnly asseverating that it is imported from a foreign country.

WHICH IS NOT THE CASE

All these deceptive arts go to show that Wistar's Balsam is known to the world to be the GREAT remedy; and to sell any mixture must be like this in name or purport to be like in substance.

☞Believe not the cunningly wrought fabrications, and take only the original and genuine WISTAR'S BALSAM OF WILD CHERRY, no other can be like it.

☞The true and genuine Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry is sold, wholesale and retail, by PHELPS & BLAKSLEY, corner of third and chesnut street St. Louis Mo., General Agents for the Western States and Territories. And for sale by

WALLACE & DILLER, SPRINGFIELD,

R Hockenhull, Jacksonville	W. S. Norris, Rock Island
Roe & Decker, Shawneetown	E M West, Edwardsville
Wm A Herron, Peoria	A S Barrys & Co, Alton
L M Boyce, Chicago	Wilcox & Howard, Magnolia
Dr. S Lincoln, Pekin	W P Lyon, Nauvoo
E F & S Pulcifer, Hennepin	W M Cowgill, Petersburg
S G Smith, Peru	S B Hoffman, Quincy
Hurnsden, Briggs, & Co. Rockford	E S Peck & Co, Sparta
G L Thompson, Ottawa	C W Eldrige, Mt Carmel
D A Barrows, Galena	Geo Rockwell, Warsaw
L Munsell, & Co. Paris	J S Blair, & Co. Carrollton,
Thos. W Smith & Co. Greenville	Tryon & Day, Oquaka
E & S Vansyckels; Naples	Ayres & Lombard, Griggsville
N P Tinsley & Co. Beardstown.	M & C F Phelps, Lewiston.

And by respectable Druggists and Merchants throughout the Western States and Territories.

Feb. 6, 1846—6mo

SORREL FILLEY—Taken up by Allen A. Barnard, 7 miles north of Elizabethtown, a sorrel filley, supposed to be four years old next spring, with flax mane and tail, with a small white spot on the side of her head, about fourteen hands and one inch high, appraised at $15, the 13th of Jan. 1846.—Hardin co.

V. T. C. PALMER, Cl'k.

DARK CHESNUT SORREL MARE.—Taken up by Jefferson Sowards living in Richland precinct, Woodford co., a very dark chestnut sorrel mare, supposed to be 4 years old next spring, about 13 hands high, the left fore leg white on the back part next the hoof, and the hoof of the same foot, white spot on the left arm, and a small star in the forehead, a natural pacer, appraised to $25, Feb. 19th, 1846.

p J. J. PERRY, Cl'k.

ONE IRON GREY COLT.—Taken up by Wm. Holmes, in Patridge precinct, Woodford co. one iron gray mare colt, 2 years old, appraised at $12 50, March 14th, 1846.

p J. J. PERRY, Cl'k.

ONE DARK BAY FILLEY.—Taken up by C. Armentrout, living ten miles north-east of Hillsboro, Montgomery co. Ill. one dark bay filley, heavy mane and tail, black legs, a white spot in the forehead above her eyes, also a white streak between the eyes and nose, lame in the right shoulder, supposed to be three years old this spring appraised to $25, March 21st, 1846.

p OLIVER COUDY, Cl'k.

2 ESTRAY HORSES—Taken up by John A. Wakefield, living in Rush Creek precinct, Carroll co., two estray horses, one a bright bay bald face, shod all around, trots and racks, very much shaved with the hames, fourteen and a half hands high, about ten or twelve years old appraised at $15.

Also a dark bay, seven or eight years old, shod &c. racks and trots, fourteen and a half hands high, appraised to $30.

p JOHN WILSON, Cl'k.

BRIGHT SORREL FILLEY.—Taken up by John Lewis, in Alexander co., a bright sorrel mare, with a star and a streak about 6 inches long in her face, 13 or 14 hands high, supposed to be 4 years old this spring, appraised to twenty dollars, March 15, 1846.

p J. FREEMAN, Cl'k.

ONE BAY HORSE.—Taken up by George W. Gaskell, living near Troy in Madison co., one bay horse, a nick out of the under the lip, on the left side, about 14 hands high, supposed to be four years old next spring, (said horse when he came into the neighborhood was unaltered has since been gilded of one stone,) appraised to $10, Feb. 24, 1846.

p WM. T. BROWN, Cl'k.

BROWN HORSE COLT. Taken up by Andrew W. Waddle, living near Collinsville, Madison co., a brown horse colt, white spot on the left side of the head under the eye, supposed to be two years old next spring, appraised to $8, Feb. 24th, 1846.

p WM. T. BROWN, Cl'k.

CHRISTIAN LANDS.

A LIST AND DESCRIPTION of nonresident lands, and town lots, situ ate in the County of Christian, in the state of Illinois, on which taxes remain due and unpaid, for the year 1845.

☞*These lands are all north of the base line.*

Nam.	Description.	No.A.	Val.	Tax.
Robert Allen	w nw 29 13 2w	80	$240	$1 44
same	ne nw 29 13 2w	40	120	72
same	w hf se 14 14 3w	80	240	1 44
same	e se 14 14 3w	80	240	1 44
Moses Archer	ee se 13 15 3w	40	120	72
same	ne se 14 16 3w	40	120	72
John Bell	sw sw 13 11 1e	40	160	96
same	e se 13 11 1e	80	240	1 44
same	ne ne 24 11 1e	40	120	72
James Baker	pt e nw 20 15 2w	45	135	81
same	e se 8 15 2w	80	240	1 44
Brier & Phelps	L 18 16 14 3w	40	120	72
S Balinger	w nw 4 13 1w	80	240	1 44
S G Bailey	s 17 12 1w	320	960	5 76
G Blackburn	w sw 36 13 2w	80	240	1 44
same	w ne 13 13 2w	80	240	1 44
John H Brown	w se 31 14 2w	80	240	1 44
Wm Brown	w ne 24 14 1e	80	240	1 44
same	e se 27 14 1e	80	240	1 44
same	e se 26 14 1e	80	240	1 44
Thos. P Burnett	L 2 ne 4 12 2w	85	255	1 51
same	nw 22 13 2w	160	480	2 88
same	sw ne 34 13 2w	40	120	72
A Chapman	ne 26 14 1w	160	480	2 88
same	ne se 26 14 1w	40	120	72
same	sw 12 13 1w	160	480	2 88
same	se 5 13 1e	160	480	2 88
same	sw nw 32 14 1e	40	120	72
same	nw ne 6 13 1e	40	120	72
same	nw se 6 13 1e	40	120	72
John Crampton	pt sw 8 15 2w	80	240	1 44
same	se ne 27 14 3w	40	120	72
same	sw sw 3 14 2w	40	120	72
same	nw sw 3 14 1w	40	120	72
same	e se 4 14 2w	80	240	1 44
A Cawood	e se 3 15 2w	80	240	1 44
same	w se sw 3 15 2w	20	60	36
M Copenhagen	se nw 28 16 1w	40	120	72
same	e ne 32 16 1w	80	240	1 44
same	w sw 33 16 1w	80	240	1 44
Jonathan Clark	sw nw 8 12 2w	40	120	72
Wm Cassady	nw 24 14 1e	160	480	2 88
same	e nw 24 14 1e	80	240	1 44
same	w se 24 14 1e	80	240	1 44
Jacob Campbell	ne sw 24 15 3w	40	120	72
Job B Davis	s nw se 33 14 1e	20	60	36
same	w ne ne 32 14 1e	20	60	36
Henry Davis	e sw 17 15 2w	80	240	1 44
same	e se 18 15 2w	70	210	1 26
L Durbin	w nw nw 16 12 2e	20	60	36
P E Durbin	e nw nw 16 12 3e	20	60	36
John N Durbin	ne nw 16 12 3e	40	120	72
same	ne se 16 12 3e	40	120	72
Elisha Durbin	s se ne 16 12 3w	20	60	36
same	s sw se 9 12 3w	20	60	36
S Dawner jr	nw 26 14 1e	160	480	2 88
same	w ne 26 14 1e	80	240	1 44
Margaret Dickey	e ne 17 13 2w	80	240	1 44
Charles Edwards	L 5 16 14 3w	40	120	72
same	L 14 16 14 3w	80	240	1 44
Thomas Elliott	nw nw 29 15 2w	40	120	72
H H Forman	se se 11 15 1w	40	120	72
J P Fletcher	w se 4 15 1w	80	240	1 44
same	s nw 4 15 1w	78	234	1 40
same	n nw 4 15 1 w	78	234	1 40
same	w ne 4 15 1 w	80	320	1 92
same	e sw 33 16 1w	80	240	1 44
same	sw se 33 16 1w	40	120	72
A Finley	nw se 30 3w	40	120	72
J Ferguson	nw sw 16 13 2w	40	120	72
Jared Ford	se ne 7 14 3w	40	120	72
S Fullenwider	nw nw 35 16 2w	40	120	72
same	e nw 36 16 2w	80	240	1 44
Robert Goggin	w se 29 14 2w	80	240	1 44
same	w L 2nw 19 15 2w	80	240	1 44
John M Graham	e se 16 13 2w	80	240	1 44
R C Gist	w se 15 14 3w	80	240	1 44
Mary Gist	pt w nw 7 14 3w	62	186	1 11
same	e se 15 14 3w	80	240	1 44
J Gazaway	pt nw 33 15 2w	100	300	1 80
Wm B Hall	se 7 13 1w	160	480	2 88
same	ne 18 13 1w	160	480	2 88
same	ne ne 18 13 1w	32	96	58
same	e sw 7 13 1w	64	192	1 14
same	w nw 17 13 1w	80	320	1 92
same	w sw 9 13 1w	80	240	1 44
D H Hall	w nw 16 13 1w	80	240	1 44
same	w nw 8 13 1w	80	320	1 92
Wm House	w ne 18 15 2w	80	240	1 44
same	w ne 20 15 2w	80	240	1 44
same	e sw 20 15 2w	80	240	1 44
same	w se 20 15 2w	80	240	1 44
same	w nw 17 15 2w	80	240	1 44
A B V Humphreys	pt w sw 27 14 3w	52	156	93
same	se 27 14 3w	160	480	2 88
same	se se 21 14 3w	40	120	72
same	pt se ne 28 14 3w	28	84	50
R Haywood	sw nw 27 12 3w	40	120	72
same	nw sw 28 12 3w	40	120	72
E Hawlett	w se 18 18 2w	80	240	1 44
same	ne 19 15 2w	80	240	1 44
Merideth Helm	ne se 7 14 3w	40	120	72
John Harrin	sw sw 16 14 3w	40	120	72
John Hay	se 6 13 2w	260	480	2 88
same	e sw 22 14 3w	80	240	1 44
same	w se 22 14 3w	80	240	1 44
same	s se 11 14 3w	80	240	1 44
N Hay	w sw 5 13 2w	80	240	1 44
same	e nw 28 14 3w	80	240	1 44
same	w sw 33 14 3w	80	240	1 44
same	e sw 34 14 3w	80	240	1 44
same	sw sw 34 14 3w	40	120	72
same	e nw 31 14 3w	60	180	1 08
Addison Hay	e ne 22 14 3w	80	240	1 44
Mary Hay	e sw 17 14 3w	80	240	1 44
P C Ferguson	pt 27 13 2w	34	102	61
Maria Hay	w ne 22 14 3w	80	240	1 44
Haywood & Holmes	w se 24 11 1w	80	240	1 44
same	nw 25 11 1w	160	480	2 88
same	w se 24 11 1w	80	240	1 44
same	sw 25 11 1w	160	480	2 88
same	sw 30 11 1e	160	480	2 88
same	ne 30 11 1e	160	480	2 88
Benj. L Hall	se se 15 15 3w	40	120	72
R R Hill	se ne 15 15 3w	40	120	72
Wm Hall	nw ne 25 14 1e	40	120	72
George Johnson	w se 10 13 1e	80	240	1 44
same	sw ne 10 13 1e	40	120	72
B F Jewett	n ne 2 14 3w	85	255	1 54
H A Koehlar	ne se 26 13 2w	40	120	72
same	w ne 23 13 2w	80	240	1 44
same	e nw 23 13 2w	80	240	1 44
G C Kellogg	se sw 7 15 2w	40	120	72
same	pt se nw 20 15 2w	35	105	63
Jos Klein	e ne 17 14 3	80	240	1 44
same	e sw 18 14 3w	80	240	1 44
D M Lipscomb	sw se 7 14 3w	40	120	72
same	ne se 8 14 3w	40	120	72
Jno Langdon	sw 29 14 2w	40	120	72
same	e sw 29 14 2w	80	240	1 44
same	e se 31 14 2w	80	240	1 44
Wm T Locker	pt nw 10 15 2w	115	345	2 06
Henry T Luckett	sw sw 15 15 2w	40	160	95
same	ne nw 17 15 2w	40	120	72
same	se sw 19 15 2w	40	120	72
same	e ne 21 15 2w	80	240	1 44
same	w nw 22 15 2w	80	240	1 44
same	se se 16 15 2w	40	120	72
Wm Lancaster	pt sw 9 15 1w	140	420	2 52
same	n sw sw 29 16 1w	20	60	36
L G Lillie	w sw 31 14 1e	80	240	1 44
same	nw nw 6 13 1e	40	120	72
same	ne se2 13 1w	40	120	72
L G Lillie & co.	pt w sw 31 14 1e	3	300	1 80
James M Logsden	pt sw sw 3 12 2w	8	24	14
Timothy Leeds	sw sw 9 15 2	40	120	72
same	s sw 8 15 2w	80	240	1 44
same	Lot 1 16 15 2w	80	240	1 44
same	Lot 2 16 15 2w	80	240	1 44
same	Lot 4 16 15 2w	80	240	1 44
same	Lot 7 & 8 16 15 2w	80	240	1 44
same	e sw 16 15 2w	80	240	1 44
same	ne sw 16 15 2w	40	120	72
same	w se 16 15 2w	80	240	1 44
David Leeds	ne se 9 15 2w	40	120	72
same	Lot 10 16 15 2w	40	120	72
D Little	w nw 35 16 2w	80	240	1 44
Horace Morgan	w sw 10 13 1w	80	240	1 44
D McKenzie	e hf L 2 sw 19 15 2w	73	219	1 31
same	e sw 21 15 2	80	240	1 44
same	w sw 21 15 2w	80	320	1 92
J McKenzie	ne hf 17 15 2w	160	480	2 88
same	w se 17 15 2w	81	240	1 44
same	sw qr 27 15 2w	160	480	2 88
same	ne ne 34 15 2w	40	120	72
Wm H Markwell	ne ne 14 15 1w	40	120	72
same	sw ne 14 15 1w	40	120	72
Jno Mc Clurg	nw sw 16 11 2w	40	120	72
Samuel Morris	e sw 23 15 3w	80	240	1 44
same	s pt e hf nw 23 15 3	60	180	1 08
same	e nw 26 15 3w	80	240	1 44
same	sw se 23 15 3w	40	120	72
Thomas Morgan	e ne 25 14 3w	80	240	1 44
same	w ne 25 14 3w	80	240	1 44
same	e nw 25 14 3	80	240	1 44
W H Masterson	w se 5 15 1w	80	240	1 44
same	ne ne 31 16 1w	40	120	72
same	nw ne 5 15 1w	40	120	72
same	sw ne 5 15 1w	40	120	72
same	pt se nw 5 15 1w	30	90	54
Joseph Matthews	w sw 9 14 3w	80	240	1 44
James Mason	w se 9 10 2	80	240	1 44
Wm McAllister	ne nw 23 14 3w	40	120	72
J R C McKenzie	nw nw 27 14 1e	40	120	72
S A Mitchell	w ne 28 14 3e	80	240	1 44
same	se ne 28 14 3e	40	120	72
same	sw sw 28 14 3e	40	120	72

Owner's name.	Description.	Acres.	Val.	Tax.
Thomas Millard	se ne 4 13 1w	40	$120	c72
same	sw ne 4 13 1w	40	120	72
same	w nw 11 13 1e	80	240	1 44
same	e se 20 14 1e	80	240	1 44
same	nw ne 20 14 1e	40	120	72
same	se nw 33 14w	40	120	72
same	e ne 4 13 1e	80	240	1 44
same	e nw 8 13 1	80	240	1 44
John Nichols	ne 1 13 3e	159	477	2 86
same	nw nw 1 13 3e	40	120	72
same	e se 36 14 3e	80	240	1 44
A D Northcut	e nw 10 15 1e	80	240	1 44
same	w ne 10 15 1	80	240	1 44
Joseph Orr	ne 22 13 2e	160	480	2 88
same	se nw 26 13 2e	40	120	72
same	n end sw ne 34 13 2e	10	30	18
Peter Porter	sw 29 15 2e	160	480	2 88
same	nw ne 30 15 2e	40	160	96
same	w nw 32 15 2e	80	240	1 44
same	e nw 32 15 2e	80	240	1 44
same	w se 7 15 2e	80	240	1 44
same	e hf w hf sw 9 15 2e	40	120	72
same	s hf sw nw 15 15 2e	20	60	36
same	nw sw 15 15 2e	40	120	72
same	ne sw 15 15 2e	40	120	72
same	nw se 15 15 2e	40	120	72
James Porter	sw ne 15 15 2e	40	120	72
George W Robens	pt w se 34 14 1e	21	63	37
M Robertson	nw sw 20 13 1w	40	120	72
Wm Robins	sw nw 30 16 2w	40	120	72
E C Ross	se sw 8 13 1w	40	120	72
same	ne sw 8 13 1w	40	120	72
same	e hf nw 8 13 1w	80	240	1 44
same	se nw 9 13 1w	40	120	72
same	ne nw 17 13 1w	40	120	72
same	se nw 17 13 1w	40	120	72
E Swope	e ne 34 13 2w	80	240	1 44
same	w sw 2 12 2w	80	240	1 44
same	se 3 12 2w	160	480	2 88
same	e ne 3 12 2w	80	240	1 44
Wm L. Russel	se 11 11 1e	160	480	2 88
same	e sw 29 13 1w	80	240	1 44
same	n 34 12 2	320	960	5 76
L B Skinner	n se sw 16 11 2w	20	60	36
W Strong	nw 15 13 3w	160	480	2 88
same	e 22 13 3w	320	960	5 76
same	w 26 13 3w	320	960	5 76
same	e 27 13 3w	320	960	5 76
same	w sw 36 13 3w	80	240	1 44
Jno T Speights	e ne 28 14 1e	80	240	1 44
same	s nw 27 14 1e	70	210	1 26
same	e sw 27 14 1e	70	210	1 26
Samuel R Swingly	w sw 8 14 3w	80	240	1 44
Morgan Stafford	s32 14 1w	320	960	5 76
John Linnett	se ne 27 13 2w	40	120	72
Jno Spindle	n hf w ½ sw 27 14 3	40	120	72
same	w n e se 28 14 3w	40	120	72
Benj. Talbot	L 15 16 14 3w	40	120	72
same	L 16 14 3w	20	60	36
same	L 17 16 14 3w	20	60	36
Sampson Tams	L 11 16 15 2w	40	120	72
same	se nw 18 15 2w	40	120	72
same	e nw 22 15 2w	80	240	1 44
same	sw 24 15 2w	160	480	2 88
same	sw sw 21 14 3w	40	120	72
same	e sw 21 14 3w	80	240	1 44
same	w se 21 14 3w	80	240	1 44
same	sw sw 26 14 3w	40	120	72
same	w ne 27 14 3w	80	240	1 44
same	s ne 31 14 3w	350	1050	6 48
and s 31 14 3w	same			
same	sw 32 14 3w	160	480	2 88
same	w se 32 14 3w	80	240	1 44
same	se se 32 14 3w	40	120	72
same	e nw 33 14 3w	80	240	1 44
same	nw nw 35 14 3w	40	120	72
John Taylor	e ne 26 13 2w	80	240	1 44
S Sharp	se se 21 55 3w	40	120	72
Geo. Tralman	ne 34 12 3w	160	480	2 88
John Todd	se ne 16 14 3w	40	120	72
Francis Taylor	w sw 20 15 2w	80	240	1 44
same	se 19 15 2w	160	480	2 88
Joel Trailor	ne sw 16 12 3w	40	120	72
same	e nw sw 16 12 3w	20	60	36
Ann M Williams	w ne 23 15 3w	80	240	1 44
same	e se 23 15 3w	80	240	1 44
same	e ne 26 15 3w	80	240	1 44
Hiram Walker	nw qr 8 13 1w	160	480	2 88
same	sw 4 13 1w	160	480	2 88
same	se 5 13 1w	160	488	2 88
same	ne sw 9 13 1w	40	120	72
Truman white	nw ne 35 16 1w	40	120	72
same	sw ne 35 16 1w	40	120	72
Wm C Warriner	se se 16 12 3w	40	120	72
Abner Webster	w L 1 nw 3 15 2w	40	120	72
same	ne se 4 15 2w	40	120	72
E S Young	ne sw 33 13 2w	40	120	72
same	n ½ s ½ ne 5 12 2w	40	120	72
same	ne nw 33 13 2w	40	160	96
Thomas S Young	n ne 28 13 2w	80	240	1 44
same	pt n hf ne 5 12 2w	78	234	1 40
E Yeomans	e ne 9 15 1w	80	240	1 44
Yates & Fishback	pt w sw 3 11 2w	60	180	1 06
same	w hf 9 12 2w	320	960	5 76
same	w hf se 9 12 2w	80	240	1 44
same	sw 12 12 2w	160	480	2 88
same	ne 33 12 2w	160	480	2 88
same	w nw 33 12 2w	80	240	1 44
same	n ne 13 12 2w	80	240	1 44
same	s hf se 13 12 2w	80	240	1 44
Wm Yates	ne ne 13 3w	40	120	72
John Yeomans	se ne 14 15 1w	40	120	72
F Young	w ne 20 13 2w	80	240	1 44
Benj. West	se se 8 14 3w	40	120	72
same	e sw 9 14 3w	80	240	1 44
same	se 9 14 3w	160	480	1 88
same	sw sw 10 14 3w	40	120	72
same	e se 10 14 3w	80	240	1 44
same	w sw 11 14 3w	80	240	1 44
same	nw nw 15 14 3w	40	120	72
same	e nw 15 14 3w	80	240	1 44
same	e ne 21 14 3w	80	240	1 44
same	nw 22 14 3	160	480	2 88
same	w se 36 13 2w	80	240	1 44
same	e se 2 12 2w	80	240	1 44
same	e ne 11 12 2	80	240	1 44
Woods Christy & co	Lts 5 12 16 12 2w	80	240	1 44

TOWN LOTS IN TAYLORVILLE.

Name	Lot	Block	Val.	Tax
M Dillinon	5	27	$10	6c
same	6	27	100	60
same	6	18	10	6
P C Furguson	7 8	21	107	64
D Goodan	9	15	10	6
John Nickols	5	18	100	60
E S Young	1	27	150	90

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made to the Circuit Court of Christain co. Ill., at the next term thereof, to be holden at the Court House in Taylorville, on the first Monday of the month of June next, for judgment against the above described lands and town lots for the taxes, due and unpaid for the year 1845; and for an order to sell the said lands and town lots for the satisfaction of the same, on the fourth Tuesday next succeeding the first day of said term of the said Circuit Court all the lands and town lots against which judgment shall be pronounced; and for the sale of which an order shall be made will will be exposed to public sale at the Court House of the said county for the amount of the said taxes, interests, and costs, due thereon for the year aforesaid.

G. R. JERNIGAN, Sheriff.
and ex officio Collector Christian co., Ill.

I, William Walters, editor and publisher of Illinois State Register, do hereby certify that the above list of lands and other real estate, situated in the county of Christian, State of Illinois, on which taxes remain due and unpaid for the year 1845, was published in said paper, printed in Springfield, on the 17th of April, 1846, and that the number of transcripts correspond with the number of papers distributed for that week; and also that I have complied with the laws of the State in the distribution of said papers; and that the above list was carefully compared with the original, and was found to be correct; and that the original list was literally followed in this publication.

WILLIAM WALTERS.

April 17th, 1846.

ESTATE OF ALVIN AINSWORTH, DECEASED.—The undersigned Administratrix of Alvin Ainsworth, deceased, will appear in the Court of Probate within and for the County of Sangamon, State of Illinois, on the first Monday, being the first day of June next, at 10 o'clock, A. M. for the settlement of claims against said deceased, when and where all persons having such claims are notified and requested to present them for adjustment.

EMIE S. AINSWORTH, Adm'r.

April 17, 1846.

ESTATE OF ROBERT RANKIN, DECEASED.—All persons having claims against the estate of Robert Rankin, deceased, must present the same for settlement, to the Probate Court of Shelby County on the first Monday in the month of June next. All persons indebted to said estate must make immediate payment.

SAMUEL RANKIN, Executor.

April 17, 1846.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN to all to whom it may concern that my wife Elizabeth Clark has left my bed and board, and I now forwarn all persons from harboring or trading with her on my account as I am determined that I will not pay any debts of her contracting. This 8th of April 1846. JAMES CLARK.

April 17, 1846.—p$1—$1 due

NOTICE.

SEALED proposals, will be received at the Canal office in Lockport until the 10th day of May next for the construction of all the work to be executed upon the *feeders* of the Illinois and Michigan Canal, and also for any work upon the main line which may not at that time be under contract.

The Board of Trustees not having yet positively determined upon the number and extent of said feeders, a more detailed notice cannot be given, but the amount of work to be let is worthy of the attention of contractors. Plans, profiles, & c. fully exhibiting the character and quantity of the work offered will be ready for inspection at this office previous to the day of letting.

An immediate commencement and vigorous prosecution of the work will be required.

WM. GOODING, *Chief Engineer.*

Canal Office,
Lockport, March 23d, 1846.
April 3, 1846.—until May 10.

ADMINSTATOR'S NOTICE.—Public notice is hereby given, that on the first Monday in June next, the undersigned will attend before the Probate Justice of the Peace of Clark County, Illinois, at his office in Marshall, at 10 o'clock A. M., for the purpose of settling and adjusting all claims against the estate of Levi Beauchamp, late of said county, deceased, when and where all claimants are required to present their demands for adjustment.

E. S. WICKLINE, Adm'r.

April 3, 1846—4w.

ESTATE OF HANNAH M. GRUNDY.—I have taken out letters of Administration on the Estate of Hannah M. Grundy, dec'd (late of Kentucky) and will attend before the Probate Justice of the Peace of Sangamon County Illinois, on the 1st Monday of June next, at which time all persons having claims against said estate, are requested to present the same, and those indebted to make immediate payment.

THOMAS LEWIS, P. A. S. C.

April 3, 1846.—4w.

ESTATE OF GEORGE BRYAN.—I have taken out letters of administration on the estate of George Bryan, dec'd late of Sangamon County, and will attend before the Probate Justice of the Peace of Sangamon County Illinois, on the 1st Monday of June next, at which time all persons having claims against said estate, are requested to present the same, and those indebted. to make immediate payment.

THOMAS LEWIS, P. A. S. C.

April 3, 1846.—4w.

ESTATE OF JACOB RIPLEY.—I have taken out letters of administration on the estate of Jacob Ripley, dec'd late of Sangamon County, and will attend before the probate justice of the Peace of Sangamon County Illinois, on the 1st Monday of June next, at which time all persons having claims against said estate, are requested to present the same, and those indebted, to make immediate payment.

THOMAS LEWIS, Adm'r.

April 3 1846.—4w.

LIST OF LETTERS, Remaining in the Post Office at Springfield, on the 1st of April, 1846, which if not called for in three months, will be sent to the General Post Office as dead letters. ☞Persons calling for any of the following letters will please state they were published. Two cents cost will be added for costs.

A
Armstrong Able
Austin Thomas
Andrews Wm
Allen Wm S
Abbott Allumbee
Aker William
Archer Wm
Armstrong Dr. Thomas
B
Bryant John 2
Buildings Robert
Borman Catherine
Badrick Charles
Bull Miss Margaret
Bissell J V
Baugh Henry
Bishop Isaac
Boynton Charles
Bartlett Elizabeth
Brewster James C
Bush E B
Benton Rev. Andrew
Bickford S M
Baker David J
Bridges Charles
Boyd Samuel T
Benton Andrew
Brooker Thomas
Bennington Mrs. Sarah
Basye James
Beam Jacob
Brooks Elizabeth
Brunell M A
Browning Miss Mary H
Barry Mrs Catherine
Baker John
C
Collins Archibald
Council David G
Coliers Lewis A
Caldwell Miss Anna M
Clack Sterling
Cantrell Cantrell
Cushman Dr
Clifton Clement
Campbell Wm P
Chapin Miss Lucy
Clapper John
Cloyd Samuel
Cannon R D
Constant A C
Camel Thomas
Culver Edward H
Council David G
Chase Rt. Rev. P
Chabels Wm
D
Douglass Milton
Dockum William
Dickerson Samuel or Thomas Sackett
Dumond Maryan or Beach
Duff Abraham
Drennan Joseph
Davis John
Dutch Ellen
Donnelly Mrs Nancy
E
Erritte James R
Eyre Miss Hannah 5
Eckler Edward
Edmond Charles
F
Foster John E 2
Filer Albert
Fisher T F
Filer Mrs Eliza H
Forrest Dennis
Filer Daniel
Fox Dr. J B
Foster Thos V
G
Gros David
Garrett S T
Greenleaf Rev Wm C
Gray James R
Goodaker Wm
Glynn Michael
Gideon Henry
H
Harvey Charles C
Hornsby Dr R J
Henton Wm
Higby L
Hayden Robert
Hough Mason 2
Hollyer Christopher C
Hammer John G
Hutchison Miss Lucy
Hall Richard C
Hindman J L
Huffman Abram
Harpole Wm or Robison
Hill Mrs Sarah C
Hodges Miss Lydia T
J
Jackson Hosea
Judd Thomas
Johnson G
Johnson Robert
Judd Mary
Innis Alexander
Jones J J
Jones Dr J W
K
Keys Gersham 2
Koness Henry
Knobbs Geo A
King Charles D
Kavanaugh James
Killion Mary
Knott Jacob
L
Lamon James
Law Thomas
Logan James M
Lane Perry
Leslie Miss Emma
Lacy J
Lawley Stephen
Lake Balas 3
Little Joseph
Law Mrs Harriett
Lanterman Elizabeth
Langley Mrs Margaret
Loyd Lieut F Grafton
Law Thomas
M
McDaniel Dr Wm
Miller Rev Eph
More J J
Menker T
Mobley Mordica
McDaniel E M
McIlroy H and A
McNabbe Adalaide A
Morgan Daniel
Mahard John
M'Coy Wm
Miller John J
Moore Rachel L
Morgan William
N
North John or Robert
Nolen James
Nedry Wm
Nicora John
O
Overfield Miss Sarah
Opdycke Stacy B
P
Paulis Peter
Powers George
Porter Wm
Porter Amelia or Miss Harriet Pierson
Pond Billions 2
Pilcher Shadrick
Pettus Thomas or Wm
Parsons Samuel M
Pearce John
Payne Wm
R
Robison F L 4
Rallston Wm or S W Massie
Robison James H
Ridel Wm
Rhoads John
Rusk B H
Ryne John
Rolison Mrs Maria W
Renshaw Margaret A
Renshaw Samuel
Rhoads Robert H
Rhoads Wm
Randall Thomas
Robertson John
Roberts Edward W
Reid Samuel H
S
Smith W P
Shriver Henry
Skinner J 2
Shepard Lewis M
Stewart Francis L
Smith John
Stafford Hiram
Short Joshua
Shroff Peter
Stout Daniel R
Stover Isaac L
Seely Miss Betsay
Stafford Orson H
Sloan G W
Sill S M
Simon Alvin
Strong Schuyler
Shoemaker T C
Simpson Saml C
Shepard James
T
True Greenbury
Thompson George 2
Tomlinson James
Thomas Richard
Thomas S W
Tanneyhill D S
Taylor John W
Trotter W D R
Threlkild Martha A
Trumbull B M
Tomlinson Nicholas
V
Vance Ellenner
Vandorin James
Voorhis Cornelius
Vanmeter Joseph R
W
Weeber Louis
Wood John
Womack Jane E
Waters John
Wilcox Chester 3
Wood Charles
Wycoff Garrett
Wigginton Peter
Willard Julius
Williams Henry
Withrow Harvey
Wright James
Wilcox Ephraim
White Craig
Waddle John
White John
Walker Daniel
Waddle James
Wycoff John T
Wook Miss Ann
Wright David
Webb Wm.

J. R. DILLER, P. M.

THE THOROUGH BRED HORSE,

LIVINGSTON.

THIS distinguished and high bred horse will stand the present season at the stable of S. G. JONES, in Springfield. In offering th s fine horse for the patronage of the public, the subscribers expect honestly to render a *quid pro quo*, for all advantages they may receive, and are confident they will not curse the country with the produce of an *imported connistoga*, fit only for hard roads and such teamsters as are in no hurry about reaching their destination. And certain and sure from his pure blood, size, muscular power strength of bone, his game and courage, and fine, his majestic and commanding appearance, indicating so plainly his high lineage, (that one who runs can read,) that his produce will be able to go a greater distance in a given time and take after them a heavier load than the produce of any other horse in this state, whether bred on this or the other side of the briny deep, and in addition, the subscribers believe that the colts of Livingston will be able to show the frog of their feet to any who can get near enough to see them on any trial of speed or bottom.

TERMS:

Livingston will be let to mares at $5, payable in wheat, corn, oats, hay, pork and beef at the market price if delivered on or before the 1st day of December next. Season to commence the 1st of April and close the 1st of July next.

S. G. JONES,
ROBT. ALLEN.

Springfield, April 3, 1846.—1m.

PROPOSALS
FOR AMERICAN WATER ROTTED HEMP.

NAVY DEPARTMENT,
Bureau of Construction, Equipment, and Repairs.
March 9th, 1846.

SEALED PROPOSALS are invited, endorsed *proposals for hemp*, for furnishing for the use of the navy, six hundred tons of American water rotted hemp. The proposals will be received until 3 o'clock p. m. of the first day of May next.

Persons offering may frame their proposals to deliver any quantity, not less than ten tons, either at the navy yard Charlestown, Massachusetts, or at such store-house as may be designated by this bureau in Louisville Kentucky, or at St. Louis, Missouri. The whole quantity must be delivered on or before the first day of January next, and must be accompanied by a satisfactory evidence that it has been properly water rotted.

The hemp must be thoroughly dressed, cleaned, free from shivers, and must not lose more than sixteen per cent. of tow and waste when hatchelled, to the satisfaction of the inspectors, ready for spinning. Its strength must be such that a rope of one and three-fourths of an inch in circumference made from twenty-one yarns, as prepared and tested by the inspectors or by their direction, will bear at least four thousand two hundred pounds; and its length, color, and other properties must be entirely satisfactory to the inspectors, or the chief of this bureau, or it will not be received. It will be inspected and tested at the respective places of delivery.

Inspectors and commandants of yards, or agents, as the case may require, will certify bills for the hemp which may pass inspection and be received by the hemp agent or commandant of the navy-yard, according to the provisions of the contracts which may be entered into, ninety per cent. of which bill to be payable within thirty days after their presentation to *such navy agent* as may be agreed upon by the chief of this bureau and the contractors.

Persons offering must state the price, written in words at length, asked per ton of 2,240 pounds when delivered, inspected, tested, approved, and received by the agent and inspector, and payable as above specified, and must forward, with their offer, an obligation, duly executed by two persons of known responsibility, binding themselves for the performance of the offers if they should be accepted.

Bonds to one-half the amount of the contracts which may be made, will be required for their faithful execution, in addition to the deduction of ten per cent. from all bills paid before the completion of the contracts, which deductions will be retained until the contracts are fully completed in all respect according to their terms.

Offers must be made in strict conformity with the terms of this advertisement; persons offering must state by what navy agent they wish their bills paid, if their offer is accepted, and at what hemp or navy agency they wish to have contracts and bonds for their signature; and if they should not be executed within fifteen days after they are received by the agents, the department will consider itself at liberty to accept other offers in place of those thus neglected.

To be published once a week until the 20th April next, in the following papers, viz: Union and Intelligencer, Washington, D. C.; Statesman, Columbus, Ohio; Enquirer, Cincinnatti, Ohio; Union, Nashville, Tennessee; Appeal, Memphis, Tennessee; Democrat, Columbia, Tennessee; State Sentinel, Indianapolis, Indiana; Courier, Madison, Indiana; Argus, Quincy, Illinois; St. Clair Banner, Belleville, Illinois; Democrat, Chicago, Illinois; Register, Springfield, Illinois; Missourian, St. Louis, Missouri; Inquirer, Jefferson City, Missouri; Platte Eagle, Platte City, Missouri; Yeoman, Frankfort, Kentucky; Democrat, Louisville, Kentucky; Gazette Lexington, Kentucky; Territorial Gazette and Advertiser, Burlington, Iowa; Courier, Milwaukie, Wisconsin; Banner, Little Rock, Arkansas.

The papers containing the above advertisement will be forwarded to the bureau as evidence of publication.

March 9—1awtApr20

WANTED, a good gentle work horse, in exchange for Cabinet furniture.
Enquire of D. E. RUCKEL.
South of the Post Office.
March 27.

THE HORSE NAPOLEAN.

THE undersigned wish to inform Horse breeders in general, that they have been at no small expense, and trouble, to procure the horse Napolean, one of them having made a tour through Kentucky to select him. He is a Cleaveland bay; and was imported by Bagg & Wait: the former of Bourbon co. Ky. and the latter resides in New York. We think this horse cannot be excelled by any horse in the United States, and perhaps few horses will equal him for the services of this country. He is 17 hands high, his color bay, his form is high, we think equal to any horse. For fear you may think we say too much, we solicit examination, as he will be kept by one of the undersigned, and will be let to mares on the most accommodating terms.

For further particulars, reference is made to bills, with their accompanying certificates.

Mechanicsburg 13 miles east of Springfield Ill.
J. A. & W. S PICKEREL.
March 27, 1846. pd

IN CHRISTIAN COUNTY CIRCUIT COURT, to June Term, 1846.
David Kreigh assignee of Morris L. Hallowell & Co
versus
Samuel Shryock and William P. Shryock late partners trading and doing business under the firm of Samuel Shryock & Co.
IN ATTACHMENT.

NOTICE is hereby given to the above named Samuel Shryock and William P. Shryock that an attachment suit has been commenced and that a writ of attachment has issued out of the office of the clerk of the Circuit Court for Christian County for the sum of $484 41 at the suit of David Kreigh against the estate of the above named Samuel and William P. Shryock, returnable on the first day of June A. D. 1846, to the term of the Circuit Court for Christian County, then to be holden in Taylorville in said county, which writ has been levied on certain real estate in the county of Christian, as the property of the above named Samuel Shryock. Now unless the above named Samuel and William P. Shryock shall be and appear on the return day of said writ of attachment, give bail and plead, judgment will be entered against you, and the estate attached will be sold.—Taylorville, Feb. 8, 1846.

H. M. VANDEVEER, Clerk.
S. T. LOGAN, for plaintiff. Mh 27—6t.

STOLEN!

FROM the stable of Robt. Wilbern, jr. on the Beardstown road west of Springfield, a light bay horse, eight years old, short tail, star in the forehead, marked on the sides with the gears, on his rump, just above the tail, the hair is fresh rubbed off by the breeching; both hind feet are white, (I believe) up to the pastern joints.

Any person bringing said horse to the residence of Robert Wilbern will be satisfactorily rewarded.
March 10, 1846. 3t

MOLASSES—48 bbls N. O. Molasses, just rec'd per Belle of Attakapas, and for sale low on the landing.

SUGAR—43 hhds prime N. O. Sugar, just rec'd per Bele of Attakapas, and for sale low on the landing by CHOUTEAU & VALLE,
Mar 6—tf No. 50 Water strt. St Louis.

ST. LOUIS ADVERTISEMENTS.

HUMPHRYS & THATCHER,
Who'esale Grocers & Commission Merchants
No. 27 Water street, St. Louis,

HAVE in store, and are receiving by late arrivals, the following, to which they would call the attention of the trade and buyers generally:

1500 bags Rio coffee; 60 do O. G. Java do,
150 hhds sugar, 60 bxs pepper; 70 do pimento;
3 bales Mocha do; 12 ceroons S. F. and Caracas indigo;
6 cases Madras, and 2 Manilla do;
7 cask ombre and S F madder; 2 do common do;
100 boxes ground pepper; 100 boxes chocolate;
250 do mustard, 500 lbs No. 1 nutmegs;
100 do cayenne, cassia and cloves;
25 kegs and 10 bbls. ground ginger;
100 pockets race ginger; 20 bbls almonds;
15 casks rice; 3 bbls Scotch snuff
50 bbls No 1, 30 hf bbls, 20 qr and kits mackeral;
100 bbls No. 2, bbls, hf, qr kits do;
150 do No. 3, bbls, do do do;
12 hf pipes Otard, Dupuy & Co., and A. Seignette brandy; 1 do do Maglory vin. 1820 do;
10 bbls and 25 eighth casks N. Y. 4th proof do;
2 pipes Swan & Balloon gin;
2 puncheons Jamaica and 1 St. Croix rum;
1 do pure spirit, 1 bbl malt whisky;
750 kegs nails; 10 bales and 250 mats cassia;
200 boxes soap; 6 casks palm oil;
200 do sperm, star and mould candles, 60 bxs olive oil;
250 boxes raisins; 150 drums figs; 4 casks currents;
20 boxes macaroni; 5 bxs tapioca, 24 do candy.
100 boxes codfish; 100 do herring;
10 cases sardines, qr hf and whole boxes;
100 doz buckets; 50 cases salina salt;
15 qr casks and 15 eighth casks pure juice port wine;
25 qr casks burgundy and 10 do do three grape do;
4 qr casks cetto and 20 do common do;
4 hf pipes superior Madeira and 6 cks old sherry;
15 qr cks L P and 25 do Pico. madeira wine;
80 boxes madeira and sherry wines.
50 do do and 35 eighth cks sweet and dry malaga;
12 casks London porter, quarts and pints;
6 do Scotch ale, do do;
60 baskets champaign, Napoleon, grape, crown and damotto brands;
50 bxs claret, 10 bbls Monongahela whisky;
150 do Virginia tobacco, choicest brands;
10 bbls pure cut chewing and smoking do;
30 M regalia cigars, minerva, la palma, la ceres brands
25 do fancy Havana cigars, different brands;
15 do perez principe do; 20 do imitation do.
March 27,—1 yr.

TEAS.—We would call the attention of purchasers to our stock of teas, selected with care, and consisting of the largest and choicest assortment of imperial, gun powder, old and young hyson, pouchong, souchong and twankey, in chests, hf chests, 13, 12 and 6 lb boxes, and 2 lb canisters.

HUMPHREYS & THATCHER,
March 27—1y. No. 27 Water st. St. Louis.

JOHN SIMONDS,
COMMISSION AND FORWARDING MERCHANT
No 20 Water Street, St. Louis, Mo.

CONTINUES to make liberal cash advances on produce to his address, as well as on consignments to his friends in New Orleans, Philadelphia, New York, and Boston, and also in Liverpool and London. March 13—tf

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GRASS SCYTHES.—A constant supply of 'Farwell & Co's' Superior Grass Scythes, on hand and for sale by JOHN SIMONDS,
march 13—tf St. Louis.

☞Country merchants will be supplied with the above article upon the most favorable terms.

FOR THE SPRING TRADE.
COLLINS & KELLOGG.
No. 153, Main Street, St Louis.

HAVE received by late arrivals, an extensive assortment of DRY GOODS, for the spring sales, which are now ready for examination.

We take this method of advising our friends and the public, that we have made extensive arrangements for the spring trade, which will enable us to offer greater inducements in the way of bargains than ever, to those who buy in this market. Our stock consists in part as follows:

180 bales 3-4, 4-4 and 6-4 brown sheetings, viz: Indian head, Appleton's, Lawrence Mills, Oregon and other heavy brands,
30 bales fine do, Victoria, Premium, etc.
25 do tickings, well known brands,
20 do brown drills and shirting stripes,
45 do 3-4 and 4-4 osnaburgs,
6 do cotton checks and domestic ginghams,
8 do red, white, and yellow flannels,
25 cases 3-4, 7-8, 4-4 and 6-4 bleached muslins,
20 do black, Oxford mixed, cadet mixed, gold mixed and blue satinets,
25 do Ky. jeans, different colors and qualities,
10 do bird's-eye tweed and striped jeans,
4 do black and colored cambrics,
2 do Hamilton and Amoskeag cotton flannels.

PRINTS! PRINTS!

95 cases, comprising madders, fancies and chintzes, new and desirable styles,
10 do mourning do, well assorted,
7 do Merrimac and other styles blue do,
3 do furniture prints.

BROADCLOTHS, CASSIMERES, &c.

9 cases different colors, some very fine—French English, and American,
5 do black and fancy cassimeres, drap d'ete and fancy linen drills.

Our assortment of them is such that we desire to call the particular attention of merchant tailors to them.

SUMMER STUFFS.

53 packages, assorted, comprising Mexican mixtures, York denims, blue drills, cottonades, Orleans fancies, York cambleta, kremlin stripes, Pa jeans, log cabins, Rouen cassimeres, Joinville stripes, and many other styles.

LADIES' DRESS GOODS.

Rich balzarines, printed and barred muslins, Scotch and organdie ginghams, black silks, black and colored alpaccas, black lawns, etc.

Together with black and figured silk velvets, worsted serges, Irish linens, brown hollands, black and colored silecias, canvass and red paddings, white and fancy Morseilles vestings, worsted and silk do, brown linen buckrams, jaconet and common white cambrics, Swiss, book and mull muslin, white, checked and striped cambrics, damask table diaper, brown linen table cloths, hosiery and gloves in great variety.

1000 dozen palm leaf hats, all qualities.

BONNETS! BONNETS!

Comprising Florence braid, Rutland, Lace, Neapolitan, black fluted lawn, balzarine, cypress, polka, tarlton lawn, plain straw, bombazine, and many other styles.

LACES! LACES!

Our assortment of these is large and well assorted, selected from the latest importations.

PARASOLS & UMBRELLAS.

We have a large assortment of these goods, among which may be found all grades, well worthy the attention of city dealers.

SUNDRIES! SUNDRIES!

Artificial flowers, pins, tapes, buttons, whalebones, linen and cotton thread, gum and web suspenders, silk coat cord and bindings, linen napkins ridding combs, tuck and side do, silk and cotton hdkfs, books and eyes, bonnet lawns, bonnet and cap ribbons, in great variety, Italian sewings, ball twist, ivory combs, black and fancy silk cravats, agate and pearl shirt buttons, and many other goods too numerous to mention in an advertisement.

We shall be in receipt of supplies by nearly every boat during the business months, to keep our stock complete, which we offer at the very lowest rates for cash or approved paper. Country merchants will find it much to their interest to examine our stock before making their purchases elsewhere.

mar 20 COLLINS & KELLOGG.

T. J. ALBRIGHT,
No. 99 CHESNUT STREET, ST. LOUIS, MO.
Near the Post Office.
MANUFACTURER OF FIRE ARMS.

Always on hand a general assortment of Fine English and German Guns. Hair Trigger Pistols, best Revolving Do. Sporting and Hunting Articles; best Powder and Caps, &c. Rifles, warranted to shoot 200 yards to the spot.

FISHING TACKLE, A COMPLETE ASSORTMENT.

☞Repairing of all kinds done in the best manner.

Persons going West will find it their interest to purchase at St. Louis.

☞Wholesale—at reduced prices.
March 6—1y

ST. LOUIS ADVERTISEMENTS.

BERTHOLD & EWING,
No. 28 WATER STREET, ST. LOUIS.

ARE now receiving their spring assortment of Groceries, &c. viz:

150 hf chests Imp., G P and Y H tea,
400 bxs Imp, G P and Y H tea,
60 hf chests black tea,
200 hhds sugar,
300 bbls molasses,
100 do loaf sugar,
20 do crushed do
15 bxs Havana do
2000 bgs green Rio coffee
75 bags pepper
75 bags alspice
300 mats cassia
2 casks nutmegs
2 bales cloves
50 casks saleratus
100 bbls copperas
10 ceroons S F indigo
6 casks madder
20 bbls ground ginger
20 bags race do
20 bbls alum
10 do epsom salts
5 do chalk
5 do brimstone
10 do saltpetre
10 do ground logwood
50 bxs Hare's tobacco
100 do Virginia do
150 do Missouri do
20 pkgs Myer's ex do
50 M principe cigars
25 M regalia do
50 M imp principe do
20 M melee do
20 frails S S almonds
10 bbls pearled barley
100 boxes starch
100 baskets oil
50 bbls lamp oil
20 do linseed do
25 do lard do
50 bxs sperm candles
100 do Star do
500 do mould do
300 do Boston soap
25 do chocolate
10 drums codfish
100 boxes do
220 do herring
250 bbls mackerel
25 bbls herring
20 kits salmon
200 bxs raisins
10 casks currants
10 hf pipes cog brandy
6 do 'old pale' do
50 bbls New York do
40 do Baltimore gin
2 pipes pine apple do
75 qr c Madeira wine
40 do Port do
25 do sweet Malaga do
50 bbls white do
30 casks claret
250 bxs do
30 do brandy cherries
50 do pepper sauce
75 do lemon and raspberry syrup
30 baskets champagne
100 bbls vinegar
10 do Boston pure spirits
2 do Mason's blacking
50 bxs candy
200 do ground spices
100 bales wicking
75 do cotton twine
20 do sewing do
200 coils Manilla cordage
250 doz do bed cords
50 do do plow lines
200 hemp bed cords
135 bales batting
10 do 4-4 osnaburgs
5 do 7-8 twilled do
30 tierces rice
1500 bush dried apples
1000 rs wrapping paper
6 gross cards
200 rms cap and letter paper
100 nests painted tubs
300 doz Quincy buckets
100 bbls tar
200 kegs rifle powder
150 blasting do
100 gross Mines' matches—50 doz. spades and shovels
15 doz wire seives
15 do. scythe snaths
10 do. hay forks
1000 kegs assorted nails
50 qr. do. No 1 do.

mar 6—tf

BEEBEE BROTHERS,
COMMISSION & FORWARDING MERCHANTS,
No 51, Water Street, St. Louis, Mo.

ARE prepared to make liberal cash advances on produce placed in their hands, either for sale at St. Louis, or for shipment to their correspondents in the Southern or Atlantic cities.

ALSO—Are prepared to contract Freights to Philadelphia, Baltimore, New York and Boston, via Pittsburgh, Pa. Canal and Rail Road, through D. Leech & Co's old established line, giving Bills of Lading for Merchandise or Produce, to either the above named cities, at specified rates. No charge made at Pittsburgh for Commission, Storage, or for advancing freight.

ALSO—Agents for Griffith's Western Line, via Cincinnati, Erie & Wabash Canal, and the Lakes, for the transportation of Merchandise and Produce to any of the eastern markets.

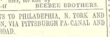
ALSO—Agents for Thayer & Co's Forwarding Warehouses, opposite New Orleans. Merchandise and Produce transmitted through these Warehouses, can secure low freights, and no delays. Storage, Drayage, and Exposure obviated.

KENAWHA SALT AGENCY.—A constant receipt, direct from the Works; and are prepared to supply the trade at all times at lowest market rates.

DENNING'S FIRE PROOF SAFES.—Assorted sizes at manufacturer's prices, adding transportation.

25,000 Grain Sacks, Linen, Cotton, and Gunnies, for sale by
mar 6—tf BEEBEE BROTHERS.

FREIGHTS TO PHILADELPHIA, N. YORK AND BOSTON, VIA PITTSBURGH PA. CANAL AND RAIL-ROAD.



THE undersigned, agents, are authorized to contract for the transportation of Merchandize and Produce from this place to the eastern cities, by D. LEECH & CO'S LINES, giving bills of lading through, at specified rates. All merchandize and produce shipped by these lines, will be forwarded from Pittsburgh without charge for commission, storage or advancing freight.

March 6—tf. BEEBEE BROTHERS,
54 Levee, St. Louis.

THAYER & CO.'S FORWARDING WAREHOUSES.
OPPOSITE NEW ORLEANS.

WE have been appointed agents in this city for these warehouses, and ask the attention of shippers to the facilities afforded by their proprietors, in the transmission of merchandize and produce to and from the northern cities, through New Orleans. By shipping through these warehouses, drayage, exposure and storage may be avoided—low freights secured and delays obviated. Further particulars on application to

March 6—tf. BEEBEE BROTHERS,
24 Levee, St. Louis.

IRON CHESTS.—Denning's fire proof, an additional supply; all sizes, with latest improvements, for sale by, BEEBEE BROTHERS.
St. Louis, March 6—tf.

GUNNY BAGS landing from steam boat Pride of the *West* and for sale by
Mar. 6.—tf. JOHN SIMONDS, St. Louis.

FRESH TABLE BUTTER.—Twenty small jars.

CHEESE.—260 boxes Western Reserve.

CLARET WINE, &c.—20 casks Bordeaux claret; 40 bbls white wine, on consignment.

WRAPPING PAPER.—1000 reams, 3 sizes on consignment.

SHOVELS AND SPADES.—25 doz. shovels; 40 do spades.

SCYTHE SNATHS, &c.—50 doz. scythe snaths; 60 doz. wire seives, on consignment.

BUTTER.—40 jars family butter; 1 bbl. do do; 3 kegs do do.

HERRING.—200 boxes herring; 20 bbls. do; just received.

FLOUR.—Family flour, always on hand and for sale by BERTHOLD & EWING,
Mar. 6.—tf. No. 28, Water Street, St. Louis.

THE EMPIRE.

THE subscribers, late of the city of New York, having leased for a term of years, the large and commodious house situated on the corner of Third and Pine streets, have, at great expense, fitted it up for a first class RESTAURANT which will be conducted in a manner unsurpassed by any house of the kind. On the first floor will be found a *Dining Room*, open at all hours of the day and evening, where every delicacy the market affords will be served up in a style unequalled. Also, on the same floor, is a large and commodious *Bar Room*, to which is attached a Sitting and Reading Room. The bar will be constantly stocked with the best of *ales, wines, liquors and cigars*, of the purest brands, selected with great care by a connoisseur. In the larder will at all times be found the choicest viands the market affords.

Arrangements have been made for a constant supply of the choicest oysters, selected expressly for this house, which will be served up in the "Empire style." On the second floor, fronting on Third street, are two large and handsome apartments, and also two on Pine street, fitted up exclusively for clubs and private parties, kept in perfect order, and ready at all times for the reception of guests.

The proprietors are determined that no pains, expense or attention shall be wanting to make "*The Empire,*" in every respect an agreeable and pleasant resort. C. G. AUSTIN & CO.

CHAS. G. AUSTIN,
JAMES M. FULLER,
St. Louis, March 6.—1y.

CALOMEL.—100 lbs. English and American Calomel for sale by
mar 6. M'CLOUD & WHEATON.

ST. LOUIS ADVERTISEMENTS.

JANUARY & MACHIR.

WHOLESALE Grocers and Commission Merchants, No. 69 Water street, St Louis, have on hand, and will receive in a few days, the following articles, which they offer at the lowest market rates, viz:

1250 bags (new crop) Rio coffee,
250 do Gonaives and Java do,
150 bbls plantation and sugar house molasses,
100 hhds New Orleans sugar,
300 boxes G P and Y H tea,
50 half chests do
10 boxes extra curious G P tea
200 boxes raisins; 100 boxes Virginia tobacco,
1000 kegs Boston and Juniata nails,
60 bbls Thompson & Campbell's linseed oil,
6000 lbs Pittsburg yarns, 15 bbls copperas,
10 bbls alum, 10 do Epsom salts,
10 do brimstone, 300 kegs white lead,
30 bbls cider vinegar,
1000 doz palm hats, assorted qualities,
100 coils manilla rope, 3 casks madder,
10 ceroons indigo, 25 bxs Underwood pickles,
20 bxs chocolate, 100 doz bxs sardines,
7500 Justo Sanz cigars,
2 half pipes Otard, Dupay & Co's brandy,
1 pipe hourglass gin,
8 half pipes A. Seignette's brandy,
15 casks salaratus, 10 bbls Halifax salmon,
150 bbls mackerel, part Halifax,
100 doz painted pails, 50 nests do tubs,
600 reams wrapping paper, 50 bags pepper,
40 bags pimento, 500 rms writ'g & cap paper,
500 bush dried apples, 20 bxs pine apple cheese
200 boxes herring, 350 do soap,
100 do M candles, 50 drums codfish,
1000 mats cassia, 100 drums figs,
20 gross playing cards, 50 bxs lemon syrup.

mar 20

EDWARD BROOKS,
Wholesale Druggist and Importer of Drugs
No. 28 North Main street, St. Louis.

IS now in receipt of and will be constantly receiving direct from the Importers and Manufacturers, a large, fresh and well selected stock, embracing as great a variety of foreign and domestic Drugs, &c. as can be be found in this country; all of which have been selected with the utmost care as to purity, &c. his stock in part comprises

DRUGS, MEDICINES, CHEMICALS,
Perfumery, crucibles, snuffs, brushes, bronzes, Blacking, Glazier's diamonds, spices,
PAINTS, OILS, DYE STUFFS,
Gold, silver, French and Dutch leaf,
Writing inks, matches, instruments,
BOTANIC AND PATENT MEDICINES,
Dentists' gold and tin fail, Printing inks assorted, Colors, wrapping paper, varnishes, starch, Medicine chests, and Medical saddle-bags,
WINDOW GLASS AND GLASSWARE,
All sizes Window Glass best brands, from 7 x 9 to 24 x 36,
Bottles, vials, jars, tinctures, flasks, &c.
WHITE AND RED LEAD,
Litharg and linseed oil of as good quality as any made, at manufacturers' prices.

☞Purchasers are invited to call and examine my stock, which being of my own importation, I am enabled to offer at prices that cannot fail to please.

March 13, 1846.—3m.

THOMAS H. LARKIN,
WHOLESALE GROCER,
Commission and Forwarding Merchant, No. 59, Water Street, St. Louis, Mo.
March 6, 1846.—1 yr.*

M'CLOUD & WHEATON,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DRUGGISTS,
Corner of Cassnut and Fourth Streets,
ST. LOUIS, MO.
"No legacy is so rich as honesty."

HAVING enlarged our establishment in such a manner as to combine the wholesale and retail drug and apothecary business, we are now prepared to offer to the public a large and well selected assortment of all articles in our line, and from the superior advantage which a knowledge of the eastern market affords, combined with several years experience by one of the firm as purchaser for one of the oldest and most extensive wholesale drug houses in the city of New York, render us capable of placing before the public a selection equal if not superior to any in this city of Drugs, Medicines, Chemicals, Pharmaceutical preparations and compounds; Surgical and Dental instruments; Pure essential oils and extracts; Extracts of Flowers; Perfumery, Fancy Soaps and Toilet articles; Pomatums for the hair; Cosmetics for beautifying the skin; Mirrors and Toilet cases; Dietetics for the sick and invalid; Patent Medicines, Saratoga and Blue Lick Water; Syrups for Soda Water, &c. &c.

March 6.—tf.

1000 OZ. SULPHATE QUININE for sale low by
mar. 6. M'CLOUD & WHEATON.

OPIUM.—2 cases of superior Turk Opium for sale by
mar. 6. M'CLOUD & WHEATON.

RHUBARB.—6 cases of powdered East India Rhubarb for sale by
mar. 6. M'CLOUD & WHEATON.

BLUE MASS.—100 lbs. Eng. Blue Pill for sale by
mar. 6. M'CLOUD & WHEATON.

CAMPHOR.—3 bbls. of Ref'd Gum Camphor for sale by
mar. 6. M'CLOUD & WHEATON.

EPSOM SALTS.—5 Casks Baltimore Salts for sale by
mar. 6. M'CLOUD & WHEATON.

SULPHUR.—5 Casks Sublimed Sulphur for sale by M'CLOUD & WHEATON.

SPONGES.—3 Bales assorted Sponge for sale by M'CLOUD & WHEATON.

SENNA.—2 Bales Alex. and Ind. Senna for sale by M'CLOUD & WHEATON.

MANNA.—1 Case S. T. Lake Manna for sale by McCLOUD & WHEATON.

M'CLOUD & WHEATON in offering themselves to the public feel assured that they can offer all goods in their line of the same quality as low as any house in the west, and we have also the largest and best selected stock of Chemicals and Instruments that ever was offered in this market. And we would only ask any one visiting our city to give us a call and they will be convinced for themselves as to these facts.

Goods exchanged for Ginseng, Beeswax, Pink and Snake Root. mar. 6.

BLANK BOOKS.—A large stock of blank books of superior quality, consisting of ledgers, journals, records, day books, &c., for sale.

All descriptions of blank books made to order.

PRINTING PAPER.—100 reams printing paper, 28 x 42; 200 do 24 x 36; and 24 x 37; 200 do 21 x 31 and 22 x 32; 200 do 20 x 30; 100 do 19 x 24, in store and for sale by
H. CRITTENDEN,
Mar. 6.—tf. 133 Main Street, St. Louis.

EXCHANGE on Boston, New York, Philadelphia and Baltimore.

AUDITOR'S WARRANTS of the State of Illinois.

EXCHANGE on Pittsburgh, Cincinnati and Louisville.

CERTIFICATES of the Bank and State Bank of Illinois, for sale by
Mar. 6.—tf. A. H. HACKNEY, St. Louis.

DESIRABLE FARMS FOR SALE.

828 ACRES in Calhoun county, Illinois—200 acres of which is under cultivation. This property is situated 6 to 7 miles east of Clarksville Mo. There is on the premises a never failing spring, sufficiently large for mill or distillery.—From the house and gardens there is a beautiful view of all the land and neighborhood.

314 acres adjoining Gilead, county seat of Calhoun county Illinois, also with improvements.

500 acres on the Illinois River, 12 to 15 miles from the mouth, good frame buildings, 100 acres improved.

77 acres on the Illinois River, near Rushville Ferry, with improvements.

200 acres in Calhoun county, Illinois, near the Mississippi River, on Bay Creek, with superior peach and apple orchard.

160 acres, with improvements, and a mill seat, in Calhoun county.

The above tracts of land will be disposed of on very liberal terms by the undersigned.

A. H. HACKNEY.
March 6, 1846.—1y. St. Louis,

PRINTING.

Of all descriptions neatly executed at this Office.

ST. LOUIS ADVERTISEMENTS.

CHOUTEAU AND VALLE,
WHOLESALE GROCERS, COMMISSION & FORWARDING MERCHANTS.
No. 58 LEVEE, ST. LOUIS.

HAVE just received and will continue to receive by first arrivals, the following articles of merchandize, which they offer for sale at the lowest market rates, viz:

GROCERIES:

520 hhds N O sugar
100 bbls loaf sugar
495 bbls N O molasses
1260 kegs eastern nails
870 do Pittsburg do
47 cks and bbls Eastern saleratus
5 cks Dutch madder
100 bxs sperm candles
50 doz Collin's axes
575 bxs M R raisins
43 bxs white H sugar
395 boxes 8x10 & 10x12 window glass
95 bags pepper
525 matts cassia
10 cases do
42 casks currants
2700 bxs sardines
10 cks soda ash
20 cks Palm oil
71 bales candlewick
25 kegs gro ginger
50 bdls sewing twine
23 do wrapping do
525 doz painted buckets
237 coils Manilla cordage assorted sizes
165 doz do bed cords
128 do do plough lines
375 drums fr Smyrna figs
10 Ceroons S F indigo
7 cases Madras do
3 cases Manilla indigo
65 bxs stearine candles
834 6, 13, 15, and 16 lbs bxs sup G P, Imp and Y H teas
237 hf ch Imp G P, Imp and G P teas
35 hf ch sup black tea
340 doz cord brooms
45 bbls sup roll butter
50 kgs Glasgow & Cuthberts white lead
30 bxs Mo smo tobacco
350 bbls dried apples
10 bbls brimstone
560 grindstones
150 kegs tar
40 bales hops
25 West's tubs
40 bxs candy
350 bxs W R cheese
300 bxs mustard
40 jars W R butter
150 bbls tar
20 bxs scarf'ti tobacco
1375 bs prime Rio coffee
530 do St Domingo do
40 do old Gov Jav do
75 bbls No 1 mackerel
160 do No 2 do
10 hf bbl No 2 do
150 bbls No 3 North do
75 do No 3 South do
45 do No 1 salmon
40 hf No 1 mackerel
1975 bbls No 1 Kena salt
150 bxs herring
53 tierces fresh rice
57 bags allspices
60 doz lemon syrup
56 bbls copperas
35 do allum
35 bags race ginger
200 bxs pipes
20 kegs refi'd saltpeter
5 bbls epsom salts
150 gross playing cards
360 bbls cloves
500 bbls nutmegs
35 drums codfish
350 kgs Dupont's powder
100 hf do do do
75 qr do do
450 kegs blasting do
20 M feet safety fuse
10 anchors
200 bales oakum
75 bxs shaving soap
25 bbls soft s almonds
84 bxs Langhorn and Almstead's sup gold leaf tobacco
50 do do do sup honey dew do
155 bbls sweet boiled cider
56 do crab do
20 doz horse collars
15 cases prunes
5 bbls chalk
30 bbls Plaster Paris
75 bxs Peny & Price's gold leaf and honey dew tobacco
105 bxs Mo tobacco
20 bxs star candles
100 do mould do
500 do table salt
20 bxs shelled almonds

March 6, 1846—tf

WINES, LIQUORS, &C.—
475 bbls Rectified Whiskey,
85 do Old Monongahela do,
20 do New Orleans Rum,
67 do American Brandy,
45 do do Gin,
15 qr casks Port Wine,
10 do White Port Wine,
10 casks Claret Wine,
30 qr casks Madeira Wine,
2 pipes "Jno. Olveria" Maderia Wine,
5 hlf pipes Otard, Dupuy & Co., Brandy
5 do "A Sugnelle," do
3 do Pellvoisin, do
2 puncheons Jamacia Rum,
30 qr casks S M Wine,
150 bxs Claret do
20 qr casks White do
15 do Sicily Madeira Wine,
2 hlf pipes Champaigne Brandy,
30 boxes Brandy Cherries.

CHOUTEAU & VALLE.
St. Louis, March 6—tf.

SCOTT'S HOTEL.

THE SUBSCRIBER has opened a house on the corner of Second and Green streets, in this city, under the name of Scott's Hotel, and has taken great pains to construct and furnish it in a style suitable for the comfort of those who may be pleased to favor him with a call. From its location (being near the best steam boat landing) the style construction, and extent of the house, together with unremitted personal attention on his part, hopes to be enable to give general satisfaction.

WM. C. SCOT,
Formerly of Morgan House, Jacksonville, Ill.
St. Louis, March 6—tf.

COFFEE.—500 bags prime green Rio,

SUGAR.—500 hhds. prime, N. O. sugar, in store,

RICE.—5 tierces new crop, received per Independence,

STAR CANDLES.—20 boxes best quality, received per Independence,

SPERM CANDLES.—20 boxes "Howland's" New Bedford sperm candles,

COD FISH.—30 boxes,

PECAN NUTS.—8 bbls now landing,

SARDINES.—6 cases in half boxes, now landing from Independence,

OLIVE OIL.—15 cases very superior,

WRAPPING PAPER.—150 reams, in store,

SOAP.—200 boxes Boston and New York,

CASTIL SOAP.—40 boxes genuine, in store and for sale by RIGGS & LEVERING.
26 Levee, St. Louis. March 6—1y.

THE CHEAPEST CLOTHING IN THIS CITY.
WHOLESALD AND RETAIL.
At No. 54 Main street, corner of Pine, St. Louis.

J. & M. MICHAEL have removed their Clothing Store from No. 69 to No. 54 Main street, corner of Pine, where we respectfully invite the citizens of St. Louis and the public in general, to our stock of new clothing, as we are selling them 30 per cent. lower than any house in this city can; and as the season has so far advanced, we will sell them at a still lower price. A plain fact will convince all that we have every facility for selling lower than any house west, as we buy our goods solely for cash, and manufacture them ourselves, saving extra per centage. All we wish is to give us a call before purchasing elsewhere, and satisfy yourself, where we are sure you will find not only the cheapest, but decidedly the best made clothing west of the Mountains.

Received per recent arrivals, lot pilot and beaver cloth frock and overcoats; blue and black cloth frock and dress coats, French black cloth frock and dress coats, tweed and cassimere business coats, fancy and plain black cassimere and satinet pants, merino, cashmere, valencia, silk and satin vests; merino and woolen shirts and drawers, socks, comforters, fancy and plain black silk scarfs and cravats, &c., &c.; all of which will be sold 30 per cent. lower than at any other store in this city. Country merchants and dealers are respectfully invited to call at No. 54 Main street, corner of Pine, St. Louis, Mo. March 6, 1846.—1y.

NOTICE.—The undersigned will occupy a part of the Store and Counting Room of Messrs. Bennett and Weld, No. 101 Main street, (which they kindly permit them to do,) until their late premises shall be rebuilt. The attention of their customers is invited to notes and acconnts requiring settlement.

DOAN, KING & CO. St. Louis.
Mar. 6.—tf.

NEW GOODS.

THE subscribers have received per Champlain, Patriot, Die Vernon and Atlas:

50 bales Indian Head sheetings; 3 do 6-4 drown do
10 cases bleached shirtings;
3 do 5-4 and 6-4 bleeched sheeting;
5 bales ticking; 5 do scarlet and white flannels;
1 case sup plaid linseys;
15 bales 4-4 osnaburgs; 3 do twilled bagging;
8 cases blue mix'd, cadet, gord mix'd, plaid and striped jeans;
2 cases blue sattinet; 1 do plaid do;
1 case Oxford mix'd sattinet, 2 cases blue do do;
2 cases black broad cloth;
2 do blue do do;
2 do gum suspenders;
1000 doz spool thread
6 cases white and col'd cotton thread;
300 lbs blue patent thread;
3 cases American solid head pins;
Gilt, lasting, mohair and velvet coat buttons;
Gilt, lasting, satin and brocade vest buttons;
Pearl and agate shirt buttonb;
Suspender buttons;
Tuck, side, dressing and ivory combs, for sale very low by DOAN, KING & CO.,
128 Main street, St Louis.
March 6, 1846.—1y.

ST. LOUIS ADVERTISEMENTS.

NEW FANCY ESTABLISHMENT.

THE subscriber, in tendering his sincere thanks to his friends and the public generally, for their kind patronage, would respectfully solicit their attention to his present assortment, which he believes MUST give entire satisfaction, both in quality and price. His assortment consists in part of

Mahogany & Rose-wood Work Boxes
Rich inlaid Work Boxes
Fancy boxes and dressing cases
Shaving cases, Surprise and Snuff Boxes
Backgammon boards and Chess
Dominoes, Dice, & Cards
Accordions, all sizes
China vases and Pearl Ink Stands
Cologne water, Perfumery
Fancy toilette & shav soap
Various kinds Pomatum
Needles and Needle cases
American & London Pins
Black and White Hooks and Eyes
Silver & White Thimbles
Patent Thread and Spool Cotton
Suspenders & Ends for do
Ivory and Horn Dressing Combs
Shell and Horn Twist and Side do.
Ivory and G. S. fine do
Shell and Ivory Pocket do
Hair, Cloth, Flesh Brushes
Tooth, Nail, and Goom do.
Looking Glass, French Glass, &c.
Plain and fancy Baskets
Jet, Pearl, and Agate Buttons
Gold and Silver Beads
Steel and Jet do
White and col'd Satin do
Bugles, Studs, & Snaps
Ribbon, Scarf, & Breast Pins
Steel Pens, Pen Holders
German and real Silver Pencils
Silver Spectacles for all ages
Razors and Razor Strops
Tea bells, Harmonicans
Port folios, Pocket books
Silk and Thread Purses
Steel rings and tossels
Watch guards, fob chains
Shawl and Knitting Pins
Bodkins, Scissors, and Knives
Best quality per caps
Shaving and dusting Brushes
Hearth, wall and shoe Brushes
Sweeping and scrubbing Brushes
Paint brushes No. 7 to 5-0
Sash tools, all sizes
Artist's brushes, paints and prepared canvass

At No. 25, North side Market street.

Also, Manufactures, and keeps constantly on hand, a full and extensive stock of all kinds brushes, No. 16 North 2d street, for sale wholesale or retail, cheap for cash, by
FREDERICK DINGS.
St. Louis, March 13—tf

FOR THE SPRING TRADE.

J. A. BROWNLEE,
(SUCCESSOR TO L. B. SHAW & CO.)
No. 47 Main street, St. Louis.

HAS received by late arrivals, a large and well selected stock of FANCY AND STAPLE DRY GOODS, consisting of—

200 bales 3-4, 7-8, 4-4 and 5-4 brown domestic of the best brands,
50 do 3-4 7-8 and 4-4 Virginia osnaburgs;
20 do brown drills;
10 do fine brown shirtings;
50 cases 7-8, 4-4, 5-4 and 6-4 bleached cottons;
75 do fancy prints of every variety and price;
10 do blue and black prints.

CLOTHS.

A large assortment, of every variety and color,

SUMMER STUFFS.

10 cases blue drills and denims;
3 do bleached drills;
2 do fancy striped cottonades;
2 do Lowell cassimeres;
2 do Mexican mixtures and stripes;
2 do camlets;
2 do nankin gambroons;

Also, kremlin plaids, Victoria cords, buckskin satteens, check cords, bohemians, Hamilton checks gingham checks, key-stone fancies, siams, plaid and striped fancies.

SATINETS & JEANS,

Of every variety, color and price; red, white and yellow flannels, ass'd; blue, black and fancy cassimeres; fancy, gold mixed and birds' eye tweeds;

25 bales tickings, various grades;

Orgaudie muslins; lawn ginghams, ombro strip'd barege, cyprian and second mourning balzarines; black Orleans cloth; fancy and black silk warp and other alpaccas.

BONNETS.

A splendid assortment of plain and fancy Tuscan, half gipsey, broad arch gimp, lace, Rutland, devons, diamond straw, cypress, fluted lawn, &c.

500 doz palm leaf hats;

A good assortment of Artificial Flowers.

WHITE GOODS.

Jaconet muslins, lace checks, Victoria lawns, Nainsook lawn, Swiss mull and cambrics, black Italian and fancy cravats, and gents' ladies' black and col'd kid gloves, fillet gloves and mits, Lisle thread and fancy cotton gloves, silk and cotton gloves, *silk and cotton hdkfs, hosiery of every variety*, fancy bonnet and cap ribbons, mantau do muslin de laines.

SUNDRIES.

Pins, needles, tapes, buttons, linen and cotton thread, spool do, sewings, stay bindings, web and gum suspenders, coat cords and bindings, a variety of combs, letter and foolscap paper, lead pencils, hat crape, green barege, traveling caps, and almost every article to be found in any dry goods house.

☞The subscriber will be pleased to see his old acquaintances—and merchants generally will find, upon examination of his stock, that the inducements offered for *cash or approved paper*, are such as will amply repay them for the trouble of calling. Mar 13—tf

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HARDWARE AND CUTLERY.
CHILD, FARR, & CO.
147 Main street, 3d door north of the Bank of Missouri.

IMPORTERS AND WHOLESALE DEALERS IN HARDWARE, CUTLERY, &c., have in store and will be in constant receipt of one of the largest and most extensive assortment of Hardware Cutlery, &c., (direct from the English and American manufacturers,) ever offered in this market, to which we invite the attention of city and country merchants and purchasers, previous to selecting their goods elsewhere; among which may be found in part—

1000 doz. Waldron's, Kimble's and others, grass, grain, hemp and bush scythes, assorted;
600 doz. common and patent scythe sneaths, ass'd.
300 groce scythe stones and rifles,
400 doz. hay and manure forks—2, 3 and 4 prongs,
400 doz steel Yankee hoes, with and without handles,
500 doz. iron and steel Carolina hoes, ass'd,
300 doz. Ames, Rowland's and others, garden and mining spades,
200 doz. Ames, Rowland's and others, long and short handled shovels, ass'd,
70 casks (7000 prs.) bright trace chains, ass,d, 6½ and 7 feet,
70 casks bright ox and log chains, ass'd.
50 do sad iron's, ass'd,
100 doz. fry pans, ass'd,
300 doz. Collins, Hunt's and others, axes, ass'd,
100 doz. teakettles, ass'd,
75 doz. grain scoops,
100 lbs brass pails and kettles, ass'd,
1000 doz. Shaw's sickles,
250 doz. meal seives,
Saws.—Rowland's mill, cross-cut, hand wood saws,
1000 weavers' reeds, ass'd, Nos. 4, 5, 6, 7 and 8,
100 doz. hog and sheep skin collars,
150 doz. hames,
1000 doz curry combs, assorted,
100 doz. horse brushes,
300 doz. Adams & Wilson's plain and box coffee mils,
100 setts smith's tools, anvils, bellows vices &c.,
250 doz. slates ass'd 300 groce bed screws,
2500 doz. pen and pocket knives, ass'd—1, 2, 3 and 4 blade,
500 groce table cutlery, all kinds,
500 doz. butchers and shoe knives, ass'd.
300 groce iron, Britannia and S. S. tea and table spoons;
600 doz. door latches, ass,d,
80 doz. knob do do
1000 doz. till, chest, cupboard and turk locks, assorted,
2000 doz. narrow, square, brass and table butts, ass'd,
5000 groce American screws, ass'd, ¼ to 4 inch.

—ALSO—

A large assortment of files, rasps, platform and counter scales, scale beams, augers gimblets, steelyards, horse, cotton and wool cards, razor strops, shears, scissors, pins needles, combs, spectacles, hasps, fish hooks, shaving cream and soap, wafers, percussion caps, tacks, erads, brushes, looking-glasses, sheep shears, candlesticks, Indian mirrors, large brass wire traps, guns, Indian knives, &c., &c., together with every article usually kept in a hardware store, all of which we are prepared to sell at the very lowest prices, for cash or approved paper.

March, 6—6t. 147 Main street, St. Louis.